EAGLE MOUNTAIN-SAGINAW INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE

YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

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CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Eagle Mountain-Saginaw Independent School District Name of School District	<u>Tarrant</u> County	220-918 Co Dist. Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annual find reviewed and (check one) approved disapproved disapproved frustees of such school district	approved for the year en	ided August 31, 2015, at a
Signature of Board Secretary	(Signature of Board President

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Members:
AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF
CERTIFIED PUBLIC
ACCOUNTANTS
TEXAS SOCIETY OF CERTIFIED
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A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees
Eagle Mountain-Saginaw Independent School District
Fort Worth, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Eagle Mountain-Saginaw Independent School District (the District), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standard* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Eagle Mountain-Saginaw Independent School District as of August 31, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 11 to the financial statements, in 2015, the District adopted new accounting guidance prescribed by GASB #68 for its pension plan - a multiple-employer, cost-sharing, defined benefit pension plan that has a special funding situation. Because GASB #68 implements new measurement criteria and reporting provisions, significant information has been added to the Government Wide Statements. Exhibit A-1 discloses the District's Net Pension Liability and some deferred resource outflows and deferred resource inflows related to the District's pension plan. Exhibit B-1 discloses the adjustment to the District's Beginning Net Position. Our opinion is not modified with respect to the matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the *management's discussion and analysis* on pages 7 through 14 and the Teacher Retirement System schedules on pages 62 and 63 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Eagle Mountain-Saginaw Independent School District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the required TEA schedules listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the required TEA schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the required TEA schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 19, 2016 on our consideration of Eagle Mountain-Saginaw Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our test of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Eagle Mountain-Saginaw Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Hankins, Eastup, Deaton, Tonn & Seay, PC

Hankin, Existin, Deaton, Town & Seary

Denton, Texas January 19, 2016

EAGLE MOUNTAIN-SAGINAW INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

As management of Eagle Mountain-Saginaw Independent School District, we offer readers of the District's financial statement this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the year ended August 31, 2015. Please read this narrative in conjunction with the independent auditors' report on page 5, and the District's Basic Financial Statements that begin on page 17.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The liabilities and deferred inflows of Eagle Mountain-Saginaw Independent School District exceeded its assets and deferred outflows at the close of the most recent fiscal period by \$26,641,820 (net deficit position).
- The District's total net position increased by \$1,030,540 during the fiscal year from the results of current year operations. However, total net position also decreased by \$21,211,176 due to new standards that required recording of the District's proportionate share of the Teacher Retirement System's net pension liability.
- As of the close of the current fiscal period, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$55,599,489. Over 44% of this total amount (\$24,984,065) is unassigned and available for use within the District's commitments and policies.
- At the end of the current fiscal period, the unassigned fund balance of the general fund of \$24,984,065 was 17.4% of the total general fund expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 17 through 19). These provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's property and debt obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise.

Fund financial statements (starting on page 20) report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what resources remain for future spending. They reflect the flow of current financial resources, and supply the basis for tax levies and the appropriations budget. For proprietary activities, fund financial statements tell how goods or services of the District were sold to departments within the District or to external customers and how the sales revenues covered the expenses of the goods or services. The remaining statements, fiduciary statements, provide financial information about activities for which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the District. The District has no component units for which it is financially accountable.

The notes to the financial statements (starting on page 33) provide narrative explanations or additional data needed for full disclosure in the government-wide statements or the fund financial statements.

The combining statements for nonmajor funds contain even more information about the District's individual funds. The section labeled Federal Awards Section contains data used by monitoring or regulatory agencies for assurance that the District is using funds supplied in compliance with the terms of grants.

Reporting the District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the District's overall financial condition and operations begins on page 17. Its primary purpose is to show whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all the District's assets, deferred outflows, deferred inflows and liabilities at the end of the year while the Statement of Activities includes all revenues and expenses generated by the District's operations during the year. These apply the accrual basis of accounting (the basis used by private sector companies).

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The District's revenues are divided into those provided by outside parties who share the costs of some programs, such as tuition received from students from outside the district and grants provided by the U.S. Department of Education to assist children with disabilities or from disadvantaged backgrounds (program revenues), and revenues provided by the taxpayers or by TEA in equalization funding processes (general revenues). All the District's assets are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in it. The District's net position (the difference between assets, deferred outflows, deferred inflows and liabilities) provides one measure of the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the District, however, you should consider nonfinancial factors as well, such as changes in the District's average daily attendance or its property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the District into two kinds of activities:

- · Governmental activities-Most of the District's basic services are reported here, including the instruction, counseling, co-curricular activities, food services, transportation, maintenance, community services, and general administration. Property taxes, tuition, fees, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities—The District charges a fee to "customers" to help it cover all or most of the cost of services it provides in the childcare services program.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives.

The fund financial statements begin on page 20 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds—not the District as a whole. Laws and contracts require the District to establish some funds, such as grants received under the No Child Left Behind Act from the U.S. Department of Education. The District's administration establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (like campus activities).

All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

- Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's nearterm financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. The District maintains twenty-two governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, debt service fund, capital projects fund and food service fund, each of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other eighteen governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund, debt service fund and food service fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided to demonstrate compliance with these budgets. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 20 through 28 of this report.
- **Proprietary funds.** The District reports the activities for which it charges users (whether outside customers or other units of the District) in proprietary funds using the same accounting methods employed in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the District's enterprise funds (one category of proprietary funds) are the business-type activities reported in the government-wide statements but containing more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The District uses an enterprise fund to account for its childcare activities. The internal service funds (the other category of proprietary funds) report activities that provide supplies and services for the District's other programs and activities. The District has no internal service funds.
- Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for these funds and is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position that can be found on page 32. These activities are excluded from the District's government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The following analysis presents both current and prior year data and discuss significant changes in the accounts. Our analysis focuses on the net position (Table I) and changes in net position (Table II) of the District's governmental and business-type activities.

Net position of the District's governmental activities decreased from a \$6,469,586 deficit to a \$26,658,206 deficit, primarily due to recording of the District's proportionate share of the Teacher Retirement System's net pension liability. Unrestricted net position – the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements – was \$1,649,101 at August 31, 2015. The increase of \$1,022,556 in governmental activities net position from current operations was the result of several factors. First, the District's revenues exceeded expenditures by \$7,564,095 (as adjusted for the effects of capital outlay and debt service principal payments.) However, the District recorded depreciation expense, which is a non-cash expense that reduces the value of District assets, in the amount of \$16,977,901. In addition, various adjustments totaling \$10,436,362 were posted to revenues and expenses to account for prepaid expenses, interest accruals and tax revenues earned during the period under the full accrual method of accounting.

In 2015, net position of our business-type activities increased by \$7,984. This increase is relatively insignificant to the overall operations of the District, but it represents significant services to the community through the childcare services program.

Table I NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total		
-	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Current and other assets	\$ 71,541,638	\$ 51,203,979	\$51,140	\$58,190	\$ 71,592,778	\$ 51,262,169	
Capital assets	539,453,176	544,803,046	-	-	539,453,176	544,803,046	
Total assets	610,994,814	596,007,025	51,140	58,190	611,045,954	596,065,215	
Deferred outflows	29,139,822	13,169,467	-	_	29,139,822	13,169,467	
Long-term liabilities	647,164,256	603,910,855	-	-	647,164,256	603,910,855	
Other liabilities	13,901,722	11,735,223	34,754	49,788	13,936,476	11,785,011	
Total liabilities	661,065,978	615,646,078	34,754	49,788	661,100,732	615,695,866	
Deferred inflows	5,726,864	-	-	-	5,726,864	-	
Net Position:							
Net investment in capital assets	(34,406,938)	(29,276,280)	-	-	(34,406,938)	(29,276,280)	
Restricted	6,099,631	5,282,825	-	-	6,099,631	5,282,825	
Unrestricted	1,649,101	17,523,869	16,386	8,402	1,665,487	17,532,271	
Total net position (deficit)	(26,658,206)	(6,469,586)	16,386	8,402	(26,641,820)	(6,461,184)	

The \$1,649,101 of unrestricted net position in the governmental activities represents resources available to fund the programs of the District next year.

Table II CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Govern Activ			ess-type vities	То	tal
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Revenues:						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$10,317,533	\$ 8,922,534	\$796,621	\$716,445	\$11,114,154	\$ 9,638,979
Operating grants and contributions General Revenues:	17,406,536	18,306,360	-	-	17,406,536	18,306,360
Maintenance and operations taxes	78,886,825	73,542,330	-	-	78,886,825	73,542,330
Debt service taxes	24,898,072	23,246,374		-	24,898,072	23,246,374
State aid - formula grants	60,558,516	59,612,385	-	-	60,558,516	59,612,385
Investment Earnings	82,371	76,965	-	-	82,371	76,965
Miscellaneous	211,606	244,727	-	**	211,606	244,727
Total Revenue	192,361,459	183,951,675	796,621	716,445	193,158,080	184,668,120
Expenses:						
Instruction, curriculum and media services	103,757,367	99,425,767	788,637	760,058	104,546,004	100,185,825
Instructional and school leadership	11,772,090	11,572,267	-	-	11,772,090	11,572,267
Student support services	13,563,971	13,498,717	-	-	13,563,971	13,498,717
Food Services	7,761,641	7,830,211	-	-	7,761,641	7,830,211
Extracurricular activities	6,971,196	5,896,258	-	-	6,971,196	5,896,258
General administration	5,016,220	4,725,108	-	-	5,016,220	4,725,108
Plant maintenance, security & data processing	21,012,818	20,467,235	-	-	21,012,818	20,467,235
Debt services	20,845,138	25,524,346	_	-	20,845,138	25,524,346
Intergovernmental charges	638,462	581,349	-	-	638,462	581,349
Total Expenses	191,338,903	189,521,258	788,637	760,058	192,127,540	190,281,316
Increase (decrease) in net position before transfers and special items	1,022,556	(5,569,583)	7,984	(43,613)	1,030,540	(5,613,196)
Gain on sale of assets	_	37,381	**	_	_	37,381
Change in net position	1,022,556	(5,532,202)	7,984	(43,613)	1,030,540	(5,575,815)
Net Position – beginning of year	(6,469,586)			52,015	(6,461,184)	(885,369)
Prior period adjustment	(21,211,176)			,0	(21,211,176)	-
Net Position (deficit) – end of year	(26,658,206)		16,386	8,402	(26,641,820)	(6,461,184)
		(-,,)	,			<u> </u>

The cost of all governmental activities for the current fiscal period was \$191,338,903. However, as shown in the Statement of Activities on pages 18 and 19, the amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through District taxes was only \$103,784,897 because some of the costs were paid by those who directly benefited from the programs (\$10,317,533) or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$17,406,536) or by State equalization funding (\$60,558,516).

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements, bond covenants, and segregation for particular purposes.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$55,599,489 an increase of \$17,541,940 over the previous year. Approximately 88.1 percent of this total amount (\$48,978,751) constitutes *committed*, assigned and unassigned fund balance. The remainder of fund balance is nonspendable or restricted to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it is already restricted to pay debt service (\$4,023,226) or food service (\$1,074,495), or already spent on inventories (\$366,926) or prepaid items (\$1,156,091).

The general fund is the primary operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$24,984,065, while the total fund balance was \$31,498,341. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to the total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 17.48 percent of the total general fund expenditures, while the total fund balance represents 22.04 percent of that same amount.

The fund balance of the District's general fund decreased by \$1,250,702 during the current fiscal year compared to a \$6,064,494 increase in the prior year. Key factors related to this change are as follows:

- much of the \$6,064,494 prior year increase occurred because the majority of the \$3,175,000 maintenance tax note proceeds and \$1,066,455 capital lease proceeds of the prior year were unspent as of August 31, 2014 and in year-end fund balance. During the year ended August 31, 2015, \$2,904,436 of those proceeds were expended and are included in current year expenditures.
- the District realized \$5,165,144 more property tax revenue in the current year compared to the prior year, as well as \$988,301 more indirect cost revenue drawn from Federal funds. However, this was offset by an increase in total expenditures of \$7,874,274 or 5.96%, exclusive of the \$2,904,436 debt proceed expenditures described above.

The debt service fund has a total fund balance of \$4,023,226, all of which is reserved for the payment of debt service. The net increase in fund balance during the period in the debt service fund of \$821,482 reflects the positive impact from recent bond refundings.

Other changes in fund balances should also be noted. The fund balance in the capital projects fund increased by \$17,975,836, due primarily to the issuance of \$25,605,000 building bonds less \$8,309,093 spent on construction-related costs during the year. Although capital expenditures reduce available fund balances, they create new assets for the District as reported in the Statement of Net Position and discussed in Note 4 to the financial statements.

Over the course of the year, the Board of Trustees revised the District's budget at times. These budget amendments fall into three categories. The first category includes amendments and supplemental appropriations that were approved shortly after the beginning of the year and reflect the actual beginning balances (versus the amounts we estimated in August, 2014). The second category includes changes that the Board made during the year to reflect new information regarding revenue sources and expenditure needs. The principal amendment in this case was an increase in the anticipated amount of State funding to be received. The third category involves amendments moving funds from programs that did not need all the resources originally appropriated to them to programs with resource needs.

The District's General Fund balance of \$31,498,341 reported on page 20 differs from the General Fund's budgetary fund balance of \$28,970,808 reported in the budgetary comparison schedule on page 28. This is principally due to cost savings in several functional expenditure categories.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At August 31, 2015, the District had \$539,453,176 (net of accumulated depreciation) invested in a broad range of capital assets, including facilities and equipment for instruction, transportation, athletics, administration, and maintenance. This amount represents a net decrease of \$5,349,870, or 1.0 percent, below last year.

This fiscal year's major additions included:

Land purchase	\$4,922,994
Wireless network infrastructure	1,053,172
Telephone system	766,712
Initial costs on a network operations center	524,275
Totaling	\$7,267,153

More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in Note 4 to the financial statements.

Debt Administration

At year-end, the District had \$628,443,075 in long-term debt (outstanding bonds plus accreted interest and premiums/discounts on bonds, maintenance tax notes and capital leases) versus \$603,910,865 last year-an increase of \$24,532,220 or 4.1 percent. Debt issuances during the fiscal period include two refunding bond series, one building bond series and a capital lease. The District's underlying rating for unlimited tax bonds is "AA-" by S&P, and "A+" by Fitch but is considered AAA as a result of guarantees of the Texas Permanent School Fund.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 10 percent of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the District is \$668,994,305, which is in excess of the District's outstanding general obligation debt.

More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 5 to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

• The economy continues to improve and economic growth should have spurred a significant increase in property tax values within the District. However, the Tarrant County Appraisal District – who performs appraisals of all taxable property in the District – installed a new computer software system in late 2014 and that conversion did not go smoothly. The Appraisal District suspended data entry for two months in October and November 2015. The result of that suspension is that the majority of properties in Tarrant County were valued based on old sales data, not current sales data. Our demographer informed us that existing property increased in value by approximately 8% to 10% during that period of time. Unfortunately Eagle Mountain – Saginaw received virtually none of that value growth. Additionally incomplete properties – for which property tax bills are delayed – are significantly higher this year than prior years – an increase from approximately \$50 million in 2014 to \$570 million in 2015. The result of all these issues is a loss in revenue in excess of \$5,000,000 for the 2015-2016 fiscal year.

- The information regarding the issues with TAD have been discussed and reviewed with TAD officials. The software is currently operating properly and several meetings have been held with the taxing entities in Tarrant County. Incoming valuation information shows that property values should increase between 8% and 10%. In addition there is significant construction activity in our district. Accordingly, while we experienced a significant loss in the current year, we anticipate a significant recovery in the upcoming year.
- Our demographer has increased his projections in the future rate of growth in the District. This rate
 of growth will provide additional operating funds. It also puts additional pressure on the District to
 construct new buildings. The cost for construction of new educational facilities is borne 100% by the
 District and is dependent upon growth in taxable assessed values. The loss of the growth in 2015
 was a significant blow; however if those values increase as preliminary assessments indicate they
 will the District will have sufficient funds to construct needed facilities.
- The increase in TAV's combined with continued growth (now estimated to be in the 3.5% to 4% range) places Eagle Mountain Saginaw ISD in a position where we will be able to meet the needs of students and maintain a healthy fund balance.
- The lower court issued a ruling in the school finance litigation in favor of Texas school districts. The lower court ruled that the current funding system violates the Constitution of the State of Texas in that it is inadequate, inequitable, and inefficient. The lower court also ruled that the current system created a de facto statewide property tax (also unallowable under the state constitution). The State has appealed the ruling to the Supreme Court of the State of Texas. No ruling has been rendered and there is a possibility that the Supreme Court will remand the case to a three judge panel to determine if the actions taken in the last legislative session have altered the facts in this case. There is no set timing for a decisions in this case. At this time we have not adjusted our long range forecasting models to reflect any change in the finance system.
- Eagle Mountain Saginaw ISD passed a tax ratification election in 2013. That election increased the maximum M&O tax rate by \$0.13. Pursuant to our plan the debt service rate was reduced by 13 cents so that the overall tax rate remained the same and the current year tax rate remains at that level. These 13 pennies are available to the district to meet future financial needs, and the available taxing authority would raise approximately \$9,000,000 per annum. As of this time there is no plan to raise the tax rate and access these funds.
- With respect to the "Statement of Activities for the Year Ended August 31, 2015" there is a prior period adjustment required by GASB 68 of \$21,211,820. As discussed earlier in this "Management Discussion and Analysis", that adjustment is a reduction in Net Position and is due to recording of the District's proportionate share of the Teacher Retirement System's net pension liability. The allocation of the pension liability will continue each year and any adjustment to that liability is beyond the control of the District.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for funds the District receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's business office, at Eagle Mountain-Saginaw Independent School District, 1200 Old Decatur Road, Fort Worth, Texas 76179, (817) 232-0880.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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3

EAGLE MOUNTAIN-SAGINAW INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2015

			ı		2		3
ъ.				Prim	ary Government		
Data					Business		
Contro	ll en		Governmental		Type		
Codes			Activities	1	Activities		Total
ASSE	rs						
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	63,964,358	\$	51,140	\$	64,015,498
1220	Property Taxes Receivable (Delinquent)		3,741,677		-		3,741,677
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes		(187,083)		-		(187,083)
1240	Due from Other Governments		2,431,413		_		2,431,413
1290	Other Receivables, net		68,256		-		68,256
1300	Inventories		366,926		-		366,926
1410	Prepayments Capital Assets:		1,156,091		-		1,156,091
1510	Land		34,474,808		-		34,474,808
1520	Buildings, Net		480,258,637		-		480,258,637
1530	Furniture and Equipment, Net		19,695,898		-		19,695,898
1580	Construction in Progress		5,023,833		-		5,023,833
1000	Total Assets		610,994,814		51,140		611,045,954
DEFE	RRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
1701	Deferred Charge for Refunding		24,622,613		-		24,622,613
1705	Deferred Outflow Related to TRS		4,517,209		-		4,517,209
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		29,139,822		+		29,139,822
LIAB	ILITIES						
2110	Accounts Payable		2,279,189		41		2,279,230
2150	Payroll Deductions & Withholdings		1,471,203		-		1,471,203
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		5,354,365		34,713		5,389,078
2180	Due to Other Governments		3,588,136		-		3,588,136
2200	Accrued Expenses		961,617		-		961,617
2300	Unearned Revenue Noncurrent Liabilities		247,212		-		247,212
2501	Due Within One Year		16,742,732				16,742,732
2502	Due in More Than One Year		611,700,343		_		611,700,343
2540	Net Pension Liability (District's Share)		18,721,181		-		18,721,181
2000	Total Liabilities	Angularin	661,065,978		34,754	-	661,100,732
DEFE	RRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	***************************************					
2605	Deferred Inflow Related to TRS		5,726,864		-		5,726,864
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		5,726,864		-		5,726,864
NET I	POSITION	-					
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted:		(34,406,938)		-		(34,406,938)
3820	Restricted for Federal and State Programs		1,253,411		-		1,253,411
3850	Restricted for Debt Service		4,023,226		-		4,023,226
3870	Restricted for Campus Activities		822,994		-		822,994
3900	Unrestricted		1,649,101		16,386		1,665,487
3000	Total Net Position	\$	(26,658,206)	\$	16,386	\$	(26,641,820)

EAGLE MOUNTAIN-SAGINAW INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

Program Revenues

		Progran	n Revenues			
Data Control	1	3	4 Operating			
Codes	Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions			
Primary Government:						
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:						
11 Instruction	\$ 98,473,508	\$ 248,111	\$ 11,337,117			
12 Instructional Resources and Media Services	2,460,175	-	261,001			
13 Curriculum and Staff Development	2,823,684	-	437,819			
21 Instructional Leadership	1,541,664	-	157,628			
23 School Leadership	10,230,426	•	521,310			
31 Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	6,853,862	-	484,954			
33 Health Services	1,894,340	944,160	88,393			
34 Student (Pupil) Transportation	4,815,769	**	1,139,255			
35 Food Services	7,761,641	7,530,376	•			
36 Extracurricular Activities	6,971,196	425,706	588,671			
41 General Administration	5,016,220	1,091,379	197,006			
51 Facilities Maintenance and Operations	17,956,643	77,801	527,592			
52 Security and Monitoring Services	896,547	-	10,857			
53 Data Processing Services	2,076,049	-	85,976			
61 Community Services	83,579	-	80,268			
72 Debt Service - Interest on Long Term Debt	19,775,483	•	1,488,689			
73 Debt Service - Bond Issuance Cost and Fees	1,069,655	-	-			
Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed. Prg.	29,106	-	-			
99 Other Intergovernmental Charges	609,356	-	-			
[TG] Total Governmental Activities:	191,338,903	10,317,533	17,406,536			
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:	700 /27	707 (21				
01 Employee Child Care	788,637	796,621				
[TB] Total Business-Type Activities:	788,637	796,621				
[TP] TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	\$ 192,127,540	\$ 11,114,154	\$ 17,406,536			
Data Control Codes	General Revenues:					
	Taxes:					
MT	Property Taxes, Levie					
DT	Property Taxes, Levie		9			
SF	State Aid - Formula Grant	S				
IE	Investment Earnings					
MI	Miscellaneous Local and I	Intermediate Rever	nue			
TR	Total General Revenues					
CN	Change in Net Positio					
NB	NB Net Position - Beginning					
PA	Prior Period Adjustment "Required	by GASB 68"				
NE	Net PositionEnding	•				
146	not i osmonbiding					

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

			7		8
	6	Primary	Government		0
	Governmental		iness-type		
	Activities		ctivities		Total
				~~~~~	
\$	(86,888,280)	\$	-	\$	(86,888,280)
	(2,199,174)		-		(2,199,174)
	(2,385,865)		-		(2,385,865)
	(1,384,036)		-		(1,384,036)
	(9,709,116)		-		(9,709,116)
	(6,368,908)		-		(6,368,908)
	(861,787)		-		(861,787)
	(3,676,514)		-		(3,676,514)
	(231,265)		-		(231,265)
	(5,956,819)		-		(5,956,819)
	(3,727,835)		-		(3,727,835)
	(17,351,250)		-		(17,351,250)
	(885,690)		-		(885,690)
	(1,990,073)		-		(1,990,073)
	(3,311)		•		(3,311)
	(18,286,794)		-		(18,286,794)
	(1,069,655)		-		(1,069,655)
	(29,106)		-		(29,106)
	(609,356)		-		(609,356)
	(163,614,834)		·		(163,614,834)
	-		7,984		7,984
	***		7,984	ARRAMAN	7,984
	(163,614,834)		7,984		(163,606,850)
	78,886,825		-		78,886,825
	24,898,072		-		24,898,072
	60,558,516		-		60,558,516
	82,371		-		82,371
	211,606		-		211,606
	164,637,390		-		164,637,390
	1,022,556		7,984		1,030,540
	(6,469,586)		8,402		(6,461,184)
	(21,211,176)		-		(21,211,176)
\$	(26,658,206)	\$	16,386	\$	(26,641,820)
-	(,)	-		-	( - , , )

## EAGLE MOUNTAIN-SAGINAW INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET

## GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2015

Data			10	50		60
Contro Codes	l		General Fund	Debt Service Fund		Capital Projects
	OPTG					***************************************
AS 1110 1220	SETS  Cash and Cash Equivalents  Property Taxes - Delinquent	\$	32,494,448 2,818,348	\$ 2,371,126 923,329	\$	26,620,431
1230 1240	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (Credit) Receivables from Other Governments		(140,917) 29,556			<u>.</u>
1260 1290	Due from Other Funds		9,066,849	2,133,483		-
1300 1410	Other Receivables Inventories Prepayments		57,581 194,838 1,149,263	-		- - -
1000	Total Assets	\$	45,669,966	\$ 5,381,772	\$	26,620,431
LIA 2110	ABILITIES Accounts Payable	\$	1,416,593	\$ -	\$	213,640
2150 2160	Payroll Deductions and Withholdings Payable Accrued Wages Payable		1,471,203 5,048,605	-		-
2170 2180 2300	Due to Other Funds Due to Other Governments Unearned Revenues		997,914 2,965,504 5,676	622,632		8,405,274
2000	Total Liabilities	-	11,905,495	622,632		8,618,914
DE 2601	FERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	-	2,266,130	735,914		-
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		2,266,130	735,914		*
FU	ND BALANCES  Nonspendable Fund Balance:				- Laboratori	ANTONIA BENEVANIANI PARTITUTA PARTIT
3410 3430	Inventories Prepaid Items Restricted Fund Balance:		194,838 1,149,263	-		-
3450 3480	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction Retirement of Long-Term Debt		-	4,023,226		-
3510 3545	Committed Fund Balance: Construction Other Committed Fund Balance		3,000,000 206,698	-		18,001,517
3590	Assigned Fund Balance: 2015-2016 Budget Deficit		1,963,477	-		-
3600	Unassigned Fund Balance		24,984,065	4.002.004		10.001.517
3000	Total Fund Balances	*****	31,498,341	4,023,226		18,001,517
4000	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$	45,669,966	\$ 5,381,772	\$	26,620,431

	Child Nutrition Fund	Other Funds		Total Governmental Funds
\$	1,560,599 -	\$ 917,754	\$	63,964,358 3,741,677
	131,638	2,270,219		(187,083) 2,431,413
	10,419 172,088	256		11,200,332 68,256 366,926
<u> </u>	6,828	 2 100 220	ф.	1,156,091
\$	1,881,572	\$ 3,188,229	\$	82,741,970
\$	305,806	\$ 343,150	\$	2,279,189 1,471,203
	116,880	188,880 1,797,144		5,354,365 11,200,332
	205,475	36,061		3,588,136 247,212
	628,161	 2,365,235		24,140,437
	-	<del>.</del>		3,002,044
	_	 -		3,002,044
	172,088 6,828	-		366,926 1,156,091
	1,074,495	-		1,074,495 4,023,226
	-	-		21,001,517
	-	822,994		1,029,692
	-	-		1,963,477 24,984,065
	1,253,411	 822,994		55,599,489
\$	1,881,572	\$ 3,188,229	\$	82,741,970

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# EAGLE MOUNTAIN-SAGINAW INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2015

,	Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 55,599,489
1	Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental fund financial statements.	695,395,729
2	Accumulated depreciation has not been included in the governmental fund financial statements.	(155,942,553)
3	Bonds payable have not been included in the governmental fund financial statements.	(574,713,087)
4	Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability required by GASB 68 in the amount of \$18,721,181, a Deferred Resource Inflow related to TRS in the amount of \$5,726,864 and a Deferred Resource Outflow related to TRS in the amount of \$4,517,209. This amounted to a decrease in Net Position in the amount of \$19,930,836.	(19,930,836)
5	Capital leases payable have not been included in the fund financial statements.	(1,409,280)
6	Maintenance tax notes payable have not been included in the fund financial statements.	(3,175,000)
7	Accreted interest for capital appreciation bonds have not been included in the governmental fund financial statements.	(11,958,831)
8	Unavailable revenue on property taxes in the fund financial statements was recorded as revenue in the district-wide financial statements.	3,002,044
9	Interest is accrued on outstanding debt in the district-wide financial statements, whereas in the fund financial statements, an interest expenditure is reported when due.	(961,617)
10	Loss on the refunding of bonds reported as net other financing uses on the fund financial statements is deferred in the district-wide financial statements.	24,622,613
11	Premium on the issuance of bonds reported as net other financing sources on the fund financial statements is capitalized in the district-wide financial statements.	(37,186,877)
19	Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (26,658,206)

# EAGLE MOUNTAIN-SAGINAW INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

Data Contro			10 General	50 Debt Service		60 Capital
Codes			Fund	Fund		Projects
	REVENUES:					
5700	Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	79,522,606	\$ 24,791,487	\$	1,702
5800	State Program Revenues		68,045,127	-		-
5900	Federal Program Revenues		2,092,740	1,488,689		-
5020	Total Revenues	***************************************	149,660,473	26,280,176		1,702
2020	EXPENDITURES:	<del></del>		at-parameter and a second		
Cı	arrent:					
0011	Instruction		81,448,973	-		-
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		2,078,056	-		-
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		2,265,304	•		-
0021	Instructional Leadership		1,298,467	•		-
0023	School Leadership		9,066,225			-
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		5,906,978	*		-
0033	Health Services		1,682,635	-		•
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation		4,815,769	•		-
0035	Food Services		463	-		-
0036	Extracurricular Activities		6,096,907	-		•
0041	General Administration		4,550,417	-		-
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		17,873,511	-		-
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		860,532	-		•
0053	Data Processing Services		3,688,593	-		12,396
0061	Community Services		45,286	-		~
D	ebt Service:					
0071	Principal on Long Term Debt		352,120	10,396,445		-
0072	Interest on Long Term Debt		55,645	24,937,254		-
0073	Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		-	786,429		283,227
Ca	apital Outlay:					
0081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction		160,341	-		8,013,470
In	tergovernmental:					
0095	Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed. Prg.		29,106	-		-
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges		609,356	-	***********	-
6030	Total Expenditures		142,884,684	36,120,128		8,309,093
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)		6,775,789	(9,839,952)		(8,307,391)
	Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	*******				
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			75 965 000		25 605 000
7911	Capital Related Debt Issued (Regular Bonds)		16 027	75,865,000		25,605,000
7912	Sale of Real and Personal Property		16,937	-		-
7913	Capital Leases		718,575	9,904,859		•
7915	Transfers In		-	13,523,372		1 922 096
7916	Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds Transfers Out (Use)		(8,750,000)	15,323,372		1,833,086 (1,154,859)
8911			(8,730,000)	(00 621 427)		(1,134,639)
8940	Payment to Bond Refunding Escrow Agent (Use)		(12,003)	(88,631,437)		-
8949	Other (Uses)			10 661 704		26 292 227
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<del></del>	(8,026,491)	10,661,794		26,283,227
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances		(1,250,702)	821,842		17,975,836
0100	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	National Proc	32,749,043	3,201,384		25,681
3000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	31,498,341	\$ 4,023,226	\$	18,001,517

-	Child Nutrition	Other	Total Governmental
	Fund	Funds	Funds
	runu	Tunus	1 unus
\$	4,034,487 \$	1,583,959	\$ 109,934,241
	40,353	2,320,066	70,405,546
	3,455,536	4,470,010	11,506,975
	7,530,376	8,374,035	191,846,762
	-	7,113,674	88,562,647
	-	167,503	2,245,559
	-	328,470	2,593,774
	-	88,753	1,387,220
	*	42,386	9,108,611
	-	188,327	6,095,305
	-	-	1,682,635
	7.5(0.2(0	-	4,815,769
	7,560,360	261.054	7,560,823
	-	361,254	6,458,161 4,550,417
	-	-	
	-	2 110	17,873,511 862,650
	<b>-</b>	2,118	3,700,989
	-	38,293	83,579
	-	-	10,748,565
	-	-	24,992,899
	*	-	1,069,656
	-	18,309	8,192,120
	•	-	29,106
	-	_	609,356
	7,560,360	8,349,087	203,223,352
	(29,984)	24,948	(11,376,590)
	-	-	101,470,000
	-	-	16,937
	-	-	718,575
	-	-	9,904,859
	-	-	15,356,458
	•	-	(9,904,859)
	-	-	(88,631,437)
		-	(12,003)
***************************************	-		28,918,530
	(29,984)	24,948	17,541,940
	1,283,395	798,046	38,057,549
\$	1,253,411 \$	822,994	\$ 55,599,489

# EAGLE MOUNTAIN-SAGINAW INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 17,541,940
Current year capital outlays are expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements, but are shown as increase in capital assets in the government-wide financial statements.	11,628,031
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in the governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources.	(16,977,901)
Current year long-term debt principal payments on contractual obligations, are expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements, but are shown as reductions in long-term debt in the district-wide financial statements.	10,748,565
Current year decrease in the accretion on capital appreciation bonds is not reflected in the governmental fund financial statements, but is shown as decreases in accreted interest on the district-wide financial statements.	1,536,662
Interest is accrued on outstanding debt in the district-wide financial statements, whereas in the governmental fund financial statements an interest expenditure is reported when due. This amount represents the current year change in accrued interest.	131,459
Current year amortization of the premium/discount on bonds payable is not recorded in the fund financial statements, but is shown as a reduction in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	4,492,586
Amortization of deferred loss on bond refunding is not recognized in the governmental funds. The effect of recording current year amortization is to decrease net assets.	(943,291)
Current year issuances of bonds are shown as other resources in the fund financial statements, but are shown as increases in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	(101,470,000)
Current year issuances of capital leases are shown as other resources in the fund financial statements but are shown as increases in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	(718,575)
Payments to refund bonds payable are shown as other financing uses in the fund financial statements, but are shown as a reduction in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	88,631,437
The premium on the current year issuance of bonds is recorded as an other resource in the fund financial statements, but is capitalized in the government-wide financial statements.	(15,356,458)
Revenue from property taxes is shown as unavailable in the governmental fund financial statements until they are considered available to finance current expenditures, but such revenues are recognized when assessed net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts in the government-wide statements. This amount represents the current year change in unavailable property taxes.	497,761

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# EAGLE MOUNTAIN-SAGINAW INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

The implementation of GASB 68 required that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of 8/31/2014 caused the change in the ending net position to increase in the amount of \$3,010,782. Contributions were replaced with the District's pension expense for the year of \$1,730,442, which caused a decrease in the change in net position. The impact of all of these is to increase the change in net position by \$1,280,340.

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 1,022,556

### **EXHIBIT C-5**

# EAGLE MOUNTAIN-SAGINAW INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

Data Control			Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)		Variance With Final Budget		
Codes			Original		Final				Positive or Negative)
	REVENUES:						***************************************		
5700	Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	80,346,457	\$	80,111,495	\$	79,522,606	\$	(588,889)
5800	State Program Revenues		65,300,472		68,216,504		68,045,127		(171,377)
5900	Federal Program Revenues		70,000		2,110,000		2,092,740		(17,260)
5020	Total Revenues		145,716,929		150,437,999		149,660,473		(777,526)
_	EXPENDITURES:							***************************************	
	urrent:		00 065 000		00.054.020		01 440 073		1 505 066
0011	Instruction		80,965,900		82,954,039		81,448,973		1,505,066
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		2,056,599		2,105,744		2,078,056		27,688
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		2,178,329		2,425,353		2,265,304		160,049
0021	Instructional Leadership		1,407,972		1,400,201		1,298,467		101,734
0023	School Leadership		8,898,937		9,164,641		9,066,225		98,416
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		6,022,198		6,069,964		5,906,978		162,986
0033	Health Services		1,684,436		1,703,800		1,682,635		21,165
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation		5,060,250		5,071,870		4,815,769		256,101
0035	Food Services		500		500		463		37
0036	Extracurricular Activities		5,936,519		6,356,981		6,096,907		260,074
0041	General Administration		4,496,267		4,781,497		4,550,417		231,080
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		17,227,221		18,866,246		17,873,511		992,735
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		939,807		940,804		860,532		80,272
0053	Data Processing Services		2,147,017		4,335,954		3,688,593		647,361
0061	Community Services		35,001		89,218		45,286		43,932
D	ebt Service:								
0071	Principal on Long Term Debt		-		374,413		352,120		22,293
0072	Interest on Long Term Debt		-		55,496		55,645		(149)
C	apital Outlay:								
0081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction		-		226,121		160,341		65,780
	tergovernmental:						***		
0095	Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed. Prg.		4,000		31,500		29,106		2,394
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges	**********	600,000		609,500		609,356		144
6030	Total Expenditures		139,660,953		147,563,842		142,884,684		4,679,158
1100	Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		6,055,976		2,874,157		6,775,789		3,901,632
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	**********							
7912	Sale of Real and Personal Property		-		30,000		16,937		(13,063)
7913	Capital Leases		-		1,079,611		718,575		(361,036)
8911	Transfers Out (Use)		(6,750,000)		(7,750,000)		(8,750,000)		(1,000,000)
8949	Other (Uses)		-		(12,003)		(12,003)		-
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<del></del>	(6,750,000)		(6,652,392)		(8,026,491)	***************************************	(1,374,099)
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances	***************************************	(694,024)		(3,778,235)		(1,250,702)		2,527,533
0100	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		32,749,043		32,749,043		32,749,043		٠,٠٠٠,٠٠٠
0100	rund baiance - September I (Beginning)		34,147,043		32,147,043	_	32,143,043		
3000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	32,055,019	\$	28,970,808	\$	31,498,341	\$	2,527,533

# EAGLE MOUNTAIN-SAGINAW INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2015

	Business-Type Activities	
	Total	
	Enterprise	
	Funds	
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 51,140	
Total Assets	51,140	
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	41	
Accrued Wages Payable	34,713	
Total Liabilities	34,754	
NET POSITION	Nacional consistente de material de la consistente de la consistente de la consistente de la consistente de la	
Unrestricted Net Position	16,386	
Total Net Position	\$ 16,386	

# EAGLE MOUNTAIN-SAGINAW INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

	Business-Type Activities  Total Enterprise	
	Funds	
OPERATING REVENUES:		
Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 796,621	
Total Operating Revenues	796,621	
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Payroll Costs	700,726	
Professional and Contracted Services	20,747	
Supplies and Materials	13,240	
Other Operating Costs	53,924	
Total Operating Expenses	788,637	
Operating Income	7,984	
Total Net Position - September 1 (Beginning)	8,402	
Total Net Position - August 31 (Ending)	\$ 16,386	

# EAGLE MOUNTAIN-SAGINAW INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

	Business-Type Activities  Total Enterprise Funds	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Cash Received from User Charges	\$ 796,621	
Cash Payments for Payroll Costs	(694,668)	
Cash Payments for Purchased Services	(20,747)	
Cash Payments for Supplies and Materials	(13,240)	
Cash Payments for Other Expenses	(68,544)	
Net Cash Used for Operating		
Activities	(578)	
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(578)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	51,718	
asii and Casii Equivalents at Deginning of Tear	31,710	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 51,140	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash		
Used for Operating Activities:	\$ 7.984	
Operating Income:	J 7,704	
Effect of Increases and Decreases in Current		
Assets and Liabilities:		
Decrease (increase) in Prepayments	6,472	
Increase (decrease) in Accounts Payable	(21,092)	
Increase (decrease) in Accrued Wages Payable	6,058	
Net Cash Used for Operating	NO. 1167-14-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1	
Activities	\$ (578)	

# EAGLE MOUNTAIN-SAGINAW INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2015

	Agency Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 363,54
Total Assets	\$ 363,54
LIABILITIES	
Due to Student Groups	\$ 363,54
Total Liabilities	\$ 363,54

### EAGLE MOUNTAIN-SAGINAW INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Eagle Mountain-Saginaw Independent School District's (the "District") combined financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units in conjunction with the Texas Education Agency's (TEA) Financial Accountability System Resource Guide (FAR). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies of the District are described below.

#### A. REPORTING ENTITY

The Board of Trustees, a seven member group, has fiscal accountability over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The board of trustees are elected by the public. The trustees as a body corporate have the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the district. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statute to the Texas Education Agency (Agency) or to the State Board of Education are reserved for the trustees, and the Agency may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the trustees. The District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards.

The District's basis financial statements include the accounts of all District operations. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the District's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's <u>Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting</u> Standards, include whether:

- the organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in their own name)
- the District holds the corporate powers of the organization
- the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- the District is able to impose its will on the organization
- the organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the District
- there is fiscal dependency by the organization on the District

Based on the aforementioned criteria, the Eagle Mountain-Saginaw Independent School District has no component units.

#### B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity, within the governmental and business-type activities columns, has been removed from these statements, except that interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given program and 2) operating or capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

## EAGLE MOUNTAIN-SAGINAW INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

#### Fund Financial Statements:

The District segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The measurement focus of governmental funds is on the sources, uses and balance of current financial resources. The District has presented the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund This fund is established to account for resources financing the
  fundamental operations of the District, in partnership with the community, in enabling
  and motivating students to reach their full potential. All revenues and expenditures not
  required to be accounted for in other funds are included here. This is a budgeted fund
  and any fund balances are considered resources available for current operations. Fund
  balances may be appropriated by the Board of Trustees to implement its responsibilities.
- 2. Debt Service Fund This fund is established to account for payment of principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt and other long-term debts for which a tax has been dedicated. This is a budgeted fund. Any unused sinking fund balances are transferred to the General Fund after all of the related debt obligations have been met.
- 3. Capital Projects Fund This fund is established to account for proceeds, from the sale of bonds and other resources to be used for Board authorized acquisition, construction, or renovation, as well as, furnishings and equipping of major capital facilities. Upon completion of a project, any unused bond proceeds are transferred to the Debt Service Fund and are used to retire related bond principal.
- 4. Special Revenue Fund-National Breakfast and Lunch Program This fund is established to account for resources financing the child nutrition program of the District. Federal reimbursement revenues originating from the US Department of Agriculture, as well as user fees, are expended for program operations with any unused balances legally restricted for use in the program.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

- Special Revenue Funds These funds are established to account for federally financed
  or expenditures legally restricted for specified purposes. In many special revenue funds,
  any unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.
  For funds in this fund type, project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the
  various sources of funds.
- 2. **Permanent Fund** The District utilizes a permanent fund to account for resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes to support the District's programs. The District has no permanent funds.
- 3. Enterprise Fund The District utilizes enterprise funds to account for the Districts' activities for which outside users are charged a fee roughly equal to the cost of providing the goods or services of those activities. The District uses this fund to account for its employee childcare services, because this program is self-supporting and does not require subsidies from the general fund.

## EAGLE MOUNTAIN-SAGINAW INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

- 4. Internal Service Funds The District utilizes Internal Service Funds to account for revenues and expenses related to services provided to parties inside the District on a cost reimbursement basis. These funds facilitate distribution of support costs to the users of support services. The District has no internal service funds.
- 5. Private Purpose Trust Funds The District accounts for donations for which the donor has stipulated that both the principal and the income may be used for purposes that benefit parties outside the District. The District has no private purpose trust funds.
- 6. Agency Funds These custodial funds are used to account for activities of student groups and other organizational activities requiring clearing accounts. Financial resources for the Agency funds are recorded as assets and liabilities; therefore, these funds do not include revenues and expenditures and have no fund equity. If any unused resources are declared surplus by the student groups, they are transferred to the General Fund with a recommendation to the Board for an appropriate utilization through a budgeted program.

Activities accounted for in the Special Revenue Funds are:

ESEA I, A Improving Basic Programs - funds granted to serve students needing reading and math assistance

IDEA-Part B Formula - funds granted for children with disabilities

IDEA-Part B Preschool - funds granted for preschool children with disabilities

National Breakfast and Lunch Program - funds granted to serve meals to disadvantaged children

Career and Technical - funds granted for vocational program for students

ESEA II, A Training and Recruiting - funds for training to improve teacher and principal quality

Title III, A English Lang. Acquisition - funds to improve the education of limited English proficient children

Medicaid Admin Claim (MAC) - fund for administrative costs related to Medicaid services

Summer School LEP - funds for summer education of limited English proficient students

Visually Impaired - funds granted for visually impaired students

Advanced Placement Incentives - funds granted under the Texas Advanced Placement Award incentive program State Textbook Fund - funds granted for textbook and technology needs

Campus Activity Funds - accounts for funds raised by a campus for the benefit of that campus

Cargill Donation Fund - accounts for the use of a donation received by the District for a specific purpose

Gen Youth Foundation - funds granted to promote healthier eating and nutrition by students

Meadows Foundation - accounts for the use of a donation received by the District for a specific purpose

Dairy Max Foundation - accounts for the use of a donation received by the District for a specific purpose

Microsoft Grant - accounts for the use of a donation received by the District for a specific purpose

The enterprise fund and internal service funds are proprietary fund types. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for the proprietary funds include the cost of personal and contractual services, supplies and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

#### C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS/BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus refers to what is being measured; basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide statements and fund financial statements for proprietary are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The economic resources measurement focus means all assets, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities (whether current or non-current) are included on the statement of net position and the operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized at the time the liability is incurred. Agency funds have no measurement focus.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual; i.e., when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The District considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. A 60-day availability period is also used for recognition of all other Governmental Fund revenues. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due.

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes, charges for services, interest income and intergovernmental revenues. All other Governmental Fund Type revenues are recognized when received.

Revenues from state and federal grants are recognized as earned when the related program expenditures are incurred. Funds received but unearned are reflected as unearned revenues, and funds expended but not yet received are shown as receivables.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first when appropriate, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Revenue from investments, including governmental external investment pool, is based upon fair value. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. Most investments are reported at amortized cost when the investments have remaining maturities of one year of less at time of purchase. External investment pool are permitted to report short-term debt investments at amortized cost, provided that the fair value of those investments is not significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer, or other factors. For that purpose, a pool's short-term investments are those with remaining maturities of up to ninety days.

In accordance with the FAR, the District has adopted and installed an accounting system which exceeds the minimum requirements prescribed by the State Board of Education and approved by the State Auditor. Specifically, the District's accounting system uses codes and the code structure presented in the Accounting Code Section of the FAR.

## D. BUDGETARY CONTROL

The Board adopts an "appropriated budget" on a basis consistent with GAAP for the general fund, debt service fund and food service fund (which is included in the enterprise fund). At a minimum, the District is required to present the original and the final amended budgets for revenues and expenditures compared to actual revenues and expenditures for these three funds. The special revenue funds and the capital project fund adopt project-length budgets which do not correspond to the District's fiscal year.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Prior to August 20th the District prepares a budget based on the modified zero-based budgeting concept for the next succeeding fiscal year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- After one of more budget workshops with the Board, a meeting is called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget. At least ten days but not more than 30 days public notice of the meeting is required.
- Prior to September 1st the Board legally adopts the budget for the general fund, debt service fund and food service fund.
- After the budget for the above listed funds is approved, any amendment that causes an increase or decrease in a fund or functional spending category or total revenue or other resources object category requires Board approval prior to the fact. These amendments are presented to the Board at its regular monthly meeting and are reflected in the official minutes. Because the District has a policy of careful budgetary control, several budgetary amendments were necessary throughout the year.
- Expenditure budgets are controlled at the expenditure functional and object level by the
  appropriate budget manager (principal, department director or divisional administrator). Budget
  managers may authorize transfers within functional and organizational categories that do not
  affect the total functional and organizational appropriation. All budget appropriations lapse at
  year-end.

Over the course of the year, the Board of Trustees revised the District's budget at times. These budget amendments fall into three categories. The first category includes amendments and supplemental appropriations that were approved shortly after the beginning of the year and reflect the actual beginning balances (versus the amounts we estimated in August, 2014). The second category includes changes that the Board made during the year to reflect new information regarding revenue sources and expenditure needs. The principal amendment in this case was an increase in the anticipated amount of State funding to be received. The third category involves amendments moving funds from programs that did not need all the resources originally appropriated to them to programs with resource needs.

#### E. ENCUMBRANCE ACCOUNTING

The District employs encumbrance accounting, whereby encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders and contracts. An encumbrance represents a commitment of Board appropriation related to unperformed contracts for goods and services. The issuance of a purchase order or the signing of a contract creates an encumbrance but does not represent an expenditure for the period, only a commitment to expend resources. Appropriations lapse at August 31 and encumbrances outstanding at that time are either canceled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

## F. CASH AND TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS

The cash portion of this caption in the accompanying fund financial statements is comprised of demand accounts, imprest funds and money market savings accounts. The District maintains a demand account on an imprest basis through which most obligations are paid. Checking account balances for most government fund expenditures are pooled into one demand account.

The temporary investments portion of this caption is comprised of investments in state investment pools. All daily receipts are deposited to demand accounts until the funds are invested under the terms of the District's depository contract.

The District has no investments at year-end that require adjustment to fair value.

#### G. PREPAID ITEMS

Prepaid balances are for payments made by the District in the current year to provide services occurring in the subsequent fiscal year, and prepaid items have been shown as nonspendable fund balance to signify that a portion of fund balance is not available for other subsequent expenditures.

## H. INVENTORIES

The consumption method is used to account for inventories of food products, school supplies and athletic equipment. Under this method, these items are carried in an inventory account of the respective fund at cost, using the first-in, first-out method of accounting and are subsequently charged to expenditures when consumed. In the General Fund, reported inventories have been shown as nonspendable fund balance to indicate that they are unavailable as current expendable financial resources.

Inventories of food commodities used in the food service program are recorded at fair market values supplied by the Texas Department of Human Services. Although commodities are received at no cost, their fair market value is recorded as inventory and deferred revenue when received. When requisitioned, inventory and deferred revenues are relieved, expenditures are charged, and revenue is recognized for an equal amount. Commodities on hand at August 31, 2015 totaled \$2,993.

#### I. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

During the course of normal operations, the District has numerous transactions between funds: The most significant are:

- (A) Inventory is maintained in the General Fund but available for consumption by all funds on a cost reimbursement basis, and
- (B) Short-term interfund loans, due to the fact that checking account balances for most governmental funds are pooled into one demand account.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

#### J. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which includes property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the fund financial statements for proprietary funds. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated assets are valued at their fair market value on the date donated. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses. Renewals and betterments are capitalized. Interest has not been capitalized during the construction period on property, plant and equipment.

Assets capitalized have an original cost of \$5,000 or more and over one-year of useful life. Depreciation has been calculated on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings 50 Years Furniture and Equipment 5-10 Years

## K. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

It is the District's policy that after 5 years a terminating employee will be compensated for unused local leave, up to a certain maximum number of days. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Vacations are to be taken within the same year they are earned, and any unused days at the end of the calendar year are forfeited. Therefore, no liability for unused vacation leave has been accrued in the accompanying financial statements.

#### L. CASH EQUIVALENTS

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Childcare Services Fund considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

#### M. NET POSITION

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciations, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

#### N. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt. Accretion is an adjustment of the difference between the price of a bond issued at an original discount and the par value of the bond. For the governmental activities debt, the accreted value is recognized as it accrues by fiscal year.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### O. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal 2015, the District purchased commercial insurance to cover general liabilities and property damage, and retained some risk through the establishment of deductibles on policies. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year.

## P. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has reviewed events subsequent to August 31, 2015 through January 19, 2016, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. No subsequent events were identified that are required to be disclosed in the financial statements.

## Q. ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### R. DATA CONTROL CODES

The Data Control Codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by the Texas Education Agency (the "Agency") in their Resource Guide. The Agency requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with the Agency in order to insure accuracy in building a Statewide data base for policy development and funding plans.

#### S. IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW STANDARD

In the current fiscal year, the District implemented the following new standards:

GASB Statement 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions ("GASB 68") establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for pensions that are provided to the employees of state and local governmental employers through pension plans that are administered through trusts or similar arrangements that meet certain criteria. The Statement establishes standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. Implementation is reflected in the financial statements, notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

GASB Statement 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date ("GASB 71") amends the transition provisions of GASB 68. GASB 71 to require that, at transition, a government recognize a beginning deferred outflow of resources for its pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date of the beginning net pension liability. Implementation is reflected in the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements.

#### NOTE 2. FUND BALANCE

The District implemented GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions" in a prior year. This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent.

<u>Fund Balance Classification</u>: The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- <u>Nonspendable</u>: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The District has classified prepaid items and inventories as being nonspendable as these items are not expected to be converted to cash.
- Restricted: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Debt service resources are to be used for future servicing of the District's bonded debt and are restricted through debt covenants. Capital projects fund resources are to be used for future construction and renovation projects and are restricted through bond orders and constitutional law. Food service resources are to be used in the food service program.
- Committed: This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District's Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This can also be done through adoption and amendment of the budget. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The Board of Trustees have committed resources as of August 31, 2015 for construction and for campus activities.

- Assigned: This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the Board of Trustees or through the Board of Trustees delegating this responsibility to other individuals in the District. Under the District's adopted policy, only the Board of Trustees may assign amounts for specific purposes. This classification also includes the remaining positive fund balance for all governmental funds except for the General Fund. The Board of Trustees approved a deficit budget for the 2015-2016 fiscal year in the amount of \$1,963,477, which has assigned this amount of the General Fund fund balance as of August 31, 2015.
- <u>Unassigned</u>: This classification includes all amounts not included in other spendable classifications, including the residual fund balance for the General Fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Board of Trustees has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

During the current fiscal period, the Board of Trustees adopted a fund balance policy that expresses an intent to maintain a level of assigned and unassigned fund balance in the general fund equal to 25 percent of the fund's operating expenditures.

Beginning fund balances for the District's governmental funds have been restated to reflect the above classifications. The details of the fund balances are included in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet (pages 20 and 21) and are described below:

## **General Fund**

The General Fund has unassigned fund balance of \$24,984,065 at August 31, 2015. Prepaid expenditures (prepaid items) of \$1,149,263 and inventories of \$194,838 are considered nonspendable fund balance. The District has committed general fund fund balance resources of \$3,000,000 for construction as of August 31, 2015. Unspent maintenance tax note and capital lease proceeds at August 31, 2015 totaling \$206,698 are also shown as committed.

#### Other Major Funds

The Debt Service Fund has restricted funds of \$4,023,226 at August 31, 2015 consisting primarily of property tax collections that are restricted for debt service payments on bonded debt. \$1,074,495 of the fund balance of the Food Service Fund (a special revenue fund) is shown as restricted for that purpose. The remainder of the Food Service Fund is shown as nonspendable fund balance because it has already been spent on inventories (\$172,088) or prepaid expenditures (\$6,828).

## Other Funds

The fund balance of \$822,994 of the Campus Activity Fund (a special revenue fund) is shown as committed due to Board policy committing those funds to campus activities. The Capital Project fund has a fund balance of \$18,001,517 at August 31, 2015, consisting primarily of unspent bond proceeds.

#### NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

## 1. Cash Deposits:

At August 31, 2015, the carrying amount of the District's deposits checking accounts and interest-bearing savings accounts was \$11,274,247 and the bank balance was \$13,739,240. The District's cash deposits at August 31, 2015 were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name. However, there were 11 separate days during the fiscal year that pledged collateral was not sufficient to cover the District's cash deposits.

#### 2. Investments:

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the District to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the District to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) Mutual Funds, (8) Investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, (10) and common trust funds. The Act also requires the District to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The District is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

In compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the District has adopted a deposit and investment policy. That policy addresses the following risks:

- a. Custodial Credit Risk Deposits: In the case of deposits, this is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. As of August 31, 2015, the District's cash balances totaled \$13,739,240. This entire amount was either collateralized with a surety bond held by the District's financial institution's agent in the District's name or covered by FDIC insurance. Thus, the District's deposits are not exposed to custodial credit risk.
- b. Custodial Credit Risk Investments: For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At August 31, 2015, the District held all of its investments in two public funds investment pools (Lone Star and TexPool). Investments in external investment pools are considered unclassified as to custodial credit risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.
- c. Credit Risk This is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will be unable to fulfill its obligations. The rating of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies is designed to give an indication of credit risk. The credit quality rating for TexPool at year-end was AAAm (Standard & Poor's), and the credit quality rating for Lone Star was AAAf (Standard & Poor's).

- d. Interest Rate Risk This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to less than one year from the time of purchase. The weighted average maturity for the TexPool and Lone Star investments is less than 60 days.
- e. Foreign Currency Risk This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At August 31, 2015, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.
- f. Concentration of Credit Risk This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the District's investment in a single issuer (i.e., lack of diversification). Concentration risk is defined as positions of 5 percent or more in the securities of a single issuer. Investment pools are excluded from the 5 percent disclosure requirement.

Public funds investment pools in Texas ("Pools") are established under the authority of the Interiocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 79 of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provisions of the Public Funds Investment Act (the "Act"), Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to: 1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool; 2) maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and 3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the value of its shares.

The District's investments in Pools are reported at an amount determined by the fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio, unless the pool is 2a7-like, in which case they are reported at share value. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

The District's investments at August 31, 2015, are shown below:

	Carrying	Fair
Name	Amount	Value
TexPool	\$20,723,621	\$20,723,621
Lone Star	32,327,161	32,327,161
Total	\$53,050,782	\$53,050,782

#### NOTE 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2015, was as follows:

	Balance	Additions/	Retirement/	Balance
	September 1	<u>Completions</u>	Adjustments	August 31
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 29,478,767	\$ 4,996,041	\$ -	\$ 34,474,808
Construction in Progress	1,614,947	9,599,971	(6,191,085)	5,023,833
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	31,093,714	14,596,012	<u>(6,191,085</u> )	39,498,641
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and Improvements	606,290,890	-	-	606,290,890
Furniture and Equipment	46,383,094	3,223,104	***	49,606,198
Total capital assets, being depreciated	652,673,984	3,223,104	***	655,897,088
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and Improvements	(114,605,996)	(11,426,257)	-	(126,032,253)
Furniture and Equipment	(24,358,656)	(5,551,644)		(29,910,300)
Total accumulated depreciation	(138,964,652)	(16,977,901)		(155,942,553)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	513,709,332	(13,754,797)	-	499,954,535
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 544,803,046	\$ 841,215	<u>\$(6,191,085)</u>	<u>\$ 539,453,176</u>

Depreciation expense was charged as direct expense to programs of the District as follows:

Governmental activities:	
Instruction	\$11,264,859
Instructional Resources & Media Services	230,900
Curriculum & Instructional Staff Development	246,828
Instructional Leadership	167,846
School Leadership	1,222,948
Guidance, Counseling & Evaluation Services	828,347
Health Services	229,444
Food Services	436,773
Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	558,250
General Administration	481,202
Plant Maintenance and Operations	1,088,621
Data Processing Services	186,712
Security & Monitoring Services	35,171
Total depreciation expense-Governmental activities	<u>\$16,977,901</u>

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated.

## NOTE 5. LONG-TERM DEBT

The District has entered into a continuing disclosure undertaking to provide Annual Reports and Material Event Notices to the State Information Depository of Texas (SID), which is the Municipal Advisory Council. This information is required under SEC Rule 15c2-12 to enable investors to analyze the financial condition and operations of the District.

Long-term debt of the District consists of twenty series of general obligation bonds, maintenance tax notes, a capital lease, accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds and premiums/discounts on bond issuances. All long-term debt represents transactions in the District's governmental activities. No long-term debt exists in the District's business-type activities.

The following is a summary of the changes in the District's Long-term Debt for the year ended August 31, 2015:

	Interest	Amount	Amounts			Amounts	Due
	Rate	Original	Outstanding	•	Refunded/	_	Within
Description	<u>Payable</u>	<u>Issue</u>	<u>9/1/14</u>	<u>Additions</u>	Retired	<u>8/31/15</u>	One Year
Bonded Indebtedness:							
2002A Bldg/Refunding	2.74-5.77%	75,445,000	\$ 1,935,383	\$ -	\$ 961,445	\$ 973,938	\$ 973,938
2005C Refunding	2.65-5.00%	24,055,000	12,795,000	-	12,795,000	-	-
2006 Building	3.50-5.00%	59,375,000	1,245,000	•	1,245,000	-	-
2006A Building	4.00-5.00%	68,500,000	43,180,000	-	20,435,000	22,745,000	1,475,000
2006B Refunding	3.68-4.45%	76,424,511	76,155,000	-	15,000	76,140,000	15,000
2007 Building	4.25-5.00%	90,550,000	83,400,000	-	46,525,000	36,875,000	2,345,000
2008 Building	3.25-5.41%	97,450,000	94,185,000	-	1,850,000	92,335,000	500,000
2010A Building	4.783%	12,445,000	12,445,000	-	-	12,445,000	-
2010B Building	3.31-4.83%	12,699,503	12,699,503	-	-	12,699,503	-
2010C Building	4.933-5.033%	54,855,000	54,855,000	-	-	54,855,000	-
2010D Refunding	1.66-3.30%	6,100,000	5,685,000	-	1,160,000	4,525,000	1,105,000
2011 Building	Variable	55,000,000	54,225,000	-	-	54,225,000	-
2011 Refunding	2.00-4.00%	6,560,000	4,825,000	-	315,000	4,510,000	715,000
2012A Refunding	1.25-4.00%	9,149,646	9,149,646	-	-	9,149,646	40,000
2012B Building	4.00%	10,000,000	10,000,000	-	-	10,000,000	-
2013A Refunding	2.00-5.00%	53,800,000	53,800,000	-	-	53,800,000	1,890,000
2013B Refunding	0.92-3.50%	8,605,000	8,605,000	-	100,000	8,505,000	380,000
2014A Refunding	2.00-5.00%	17,055,000	17,055,000	-	635,000	16,420,000	***
2014B Refunding	2.00-3.75%	3,635,000	3,635,000	-	25,000	3,610,000	130,000
2015 Refunding	1.31-5.00%	64,660,000	-	64,660,000	570,000	64,090,000	115,000
2015A Building	3.50-5.00%	25,605,000	-	25,605,000	-	25,605,000	-
2015B Refunding	2.00-5.00%	11,205,000	-	11,205,000	-	11,205,000	2,110,000
Total Bonded Indebt	edness		559,874,532	101,470,000	86,631,445	574,713,087	11,793,938
Capital Lease	2.553%	1,066,455	1,042,825	718,575	352,120	1,409,280	700,532
Maintenance Tax Notes	1.60%	3,175,000	3,175,000	-	-	3,175,000	775,000
Premiums/Discounts on Bo	ond Issuance		26,323,005	15,356,458	4,492,586	37,186,877	2,147,736
Accreted Interest			<u>13,495,493</u>	1,405,472	2,942,134	11,958,831	1,325,526
Total Other Obligation	ons		44,036,323	17,480,504	7,786,840	53,729,988	4,948,794
Total Obligations of	District		\$603,910,855	\$118,950,504	\$94,418,285	\$628,443,075	\$16,742,732

The District issues general obligation bonds for the governmental activities to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the District. Current principal and interest requirements are payable solely from future revenues of the Debt Service Fund which consists principally of property taxes collected by the District and interest earnings. Certain outstanding bonds may be redeemed at their par value prior to their normal maturity dates in accordance with the terms of the related bond indentures. The District has never defaulted on any principal or interest payment.

The District will pay a 2.00% interest rate on the Series 2011 variable rate bonds until July 31, 2019. For purposes of the debt service requirements disclosed in Note 8, a 5.00% interest rate is assumed thereafter.

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the various general obligation bonds indentures. The District is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions at August 31, 2015.

## NOTE 6. DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS - MAINTENANCE TAX NOTES

Debt service requirements to maturity for the maintenance tax notes are as follows:

Year Ended			Total
August 31	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Requirements</u>
2016	\$ 775,000	\$ 50,800	\$ 825,800
2017	787,000	38,400	825,400
2018	800,000	25,808	825,808
2019	813,000	<u>13,008</u>	<u>826,008</u>
	\$3,175,000	<u>\$128,016</u>	<u>\$3,303,016</u>

#### NOTE 7. CAPITAL LEASES

In May, 2014 the District entered into a capital lease agreement through Cisco Capital Financing for the purchase and installation of \$1,066,455 wireless network access points and network switches. The lease calls for three equal payments (including an effective interest rate of 2.553%) and a \$1 buyout at the end of the lease. Payments on the capital lease agreement are accounted for as debt service expenditures in the General Fund.

In August, 2015 the District entered into a capital lease agreement with Dell Financial Services for the purchase of \$718,575 Optiplex computers. The lease calls for four equal payments (including an effective interest rate of 4.15%). Payments on the capital lease agreement are accounted for as debt service expenditures in the General Fund.

A summary of capital lease activity during the year is as follows:

	Amount			Amount
	Outstanding			Outstanding
	8/31/14	<b>Additions</b>	<u>Retirements</u>	8/31/15
Network equipment	\$1,042,825	\$ -	\$352,120	\$ 690,705
Computers	<del>_</del>	718,575		<u>718,575</u>
-	\$1,042,825	<u>\$718,575</u>	\$352,120	<u>\$1,409,280</u>

Future minimum lease payments due on the capital leases are as follows:

Year Ending	Annual Lease
August 31	Payment
2016	\$740,232
2017	549,511
2018	<u> 190,721</u>
Total Lease Payments	1,480,464
Imputed Interest Amount	(71,184)
Present Value Outstanding	\$1,409,280

#### NOTE 8. DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS - BONDS

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ended			Total
August 31	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Requirements</u>
2016	\$ 11,793,938	\$ 24,960,253	\$ 36,754,191
2017	11,135,000	25,546,313	36,681,313
2018	8,880,000	28,838,350	37,718,350
2019	8,015,000	30,003,012	38,018,012
2020	16,048,935	24,531,977	40,580,912
2021-2025	93,334,499	116,760,962	210,095,461
2026-2030	112,916,278	96,333,554	209,249,832
2031-2035	112,209,437	66,146,464	178,355,901
2036-2040	83,050,000	41,145,665	124,195,665
2041-2045	60,170,000	22,963,700	83,133,700
2046-2050	<u>57,160,000</u>	7,846,500	<u>65,006,500</u>
	<u>\$574,713,087</u>	\$485,076,750	\$1,059,789,837

## NOTE 9. DEFEASED BONDS OUTSTANDING

On March 26, 2015, the District issued \$63,210,000 (par value) in unlimited tax refunding bonds (current interest bonds) with interest rates ranging from 2.00% to 5.00% and \$1,450,000 (par value) in unlimited tax refunding bonds (capital appreciation bonds) with interest rates ranging from 1.31% to 1.54% to advance refund \$64,660,000 of unlimited tax school building bonds. The unlimited tax refunding bonds were issued at a net premium of \$12,970,575, and, after paying issuance costs of \$628,034, the net proceeds were \$77,002,541. The net proceeds from the issuance of the unlimited tax refunding bonds were used to purchase U.S. government securities and those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide debt service payments until the bond matures. The advance refunding met the requirements of an insubstance debt defeasance and the unlimited tax school building bonds were removed from the District's long-term liabilities.

As a result of the advance refunding, the District decreased its total debt service requirements by \$8,007,716 and resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$6,186,521.

On August 20, 2015, the District issued \$11,205,000 (par value) in unlimited tax refunding bonds (current interest bonds) with interest rates ranging from 2.00% to 5.00% to advance refund \$11,575,000 of unlimited tax school building bonds. The unlimited tax refunding bonds were issued at a net premium of \$552,796, and, after paying issuance costs of \$128,900, the net proceeds were \$11,628,896. The net proceeds from the issuance of the unlimited tax refunding bonds were used to purchase U.S. government securities and those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide debt service payments until the bond matures. The advance refunding met the requirements of an in-substance debt defeasance and the unlimited tax school building bonds were removed from the District's long-term liabilities.

As a result of the advance refunding, the District decreased its total debt service requirements by \$1,354,685 and resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$1,063,559.

In prior years, the District has defeased other various bonds issues in a similar manner to that described above.

Accordingly, the trust account assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements. Although defeased, the refunded debt from those earlier issues will not be actually retired until the call dates have come due or until maturity if they are not callable issues. On August 31, 2015, \$259,360,564 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

#### NOTE 10. PROPERTY TAXES

The Texas Legislature in 1979 adopted a comprehensive Property Tax Code which established an appraisal district and an appraisal review board in each county in the State of Texas. Tarrant County Appraisal District (TCAD) is responsible for the appraisal of property for all taxing units in Tarrant County, including the District. Under the terms of a contract for appraisal services, the District paid TCAD \$609,356 in fiscal year 2015 for appraising property.

The District levies its taxes on October 1 on the assessed (appraised) value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the District in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. The appraisal and recording of all property within the District is the responsibility of the Tarrant County Appraisal District (TCAD), an independent government unit with a board of directors appointed by the taxing jurisdictions within the county and funded from assessments against those taxing jurisdictions. TCAD is required by law to assess property at 100% of its appraised value. Real property must be reappraised at least every two years. Under certain circumstances taxpayers and taxing units, including the District, may challenge orders of the TCAD Review Board through various appeals and, if necessary, legal action. Taxes are due upon receipt of the tax bill and are past due and subject to interest if not paid by February 1 of the year following the October 1 levy date. The assessed value of the property tax roll upon which the levy for the 2014-15 fiscal year was based was \$6,689,943,052. Taxes are delinquent if not paid by June 30. Delinquent taxes are subject to both penalty and interest charges at the rate of 1.5% per month of delinquency, plus 15 % delinquent collection fees for attorney costs.

The tax rates assessed for the year ended August 31, 2015, to finance General Fund operations and the payment of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt were \$1.17 and \$0.37 per \$100 valuation, respectively, for a total of \$1.54 per \$100 valuation.

Current tax collections for the year ended August 31, 2015 were 98.74% of the year-end adjusted tax levy. Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectible taxes within the General and Debt Service Funds are based on historical experience in collecting taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature. As of August 31, 2015, property taxes receivable, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, totaled \$2,677,431 and \$877,163 for the General and Debt Service Funds, respectively.

Property taxes are recorded as receivables and unavailable revenues at the time the taxes are assessed. Revenues are recognized as the related ad valorem taxes become available. Available means collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay current liabilities. Taxes not expected to be collected within sixty days of the fiscal year ending are recorded as deferred revenues and are recognized when they become available. Taxes collected prior to the levy date to which they apply are recorded as unavailable revenues and recognized as revenue of the period to which they apply.

#### NOTE 11. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description. Eagle Mountain-Saginaw Independent School District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). TRS's defined benefit pension plan is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592. The information provided in the Notes to the Financial Statements in the 2014 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for TRS provides the following information regarding the Pension Plan fiduciary net position as of August 31, 2014.

Net Pension Liability <u>Total</u>

Total Pension Liability \$159,496,075,886 Less: Plan Fiduciary Net Position (132,779,243,085) Net Pension Liability \$26,716,832,801

Net Position as percentage of Total Pension Liability 83.25%

Benefits Provided. TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description above.

Contributions. Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year. Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. Senate Bill 1458 of the 83rd Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and established employee contribution rates for fiscal years 2014 thru 2017. It also added a 1.5% contribution for employers not paying Old Age Survivor and Disability Insurance (OASDI) on certain employees effective for fiscal year 2015 as discussed in Note 1 of the TRS 2014 CAFR. The 83rd Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) established the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2014 and 2015.

	Contribution Rates	
	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>
Member	6.4%	6.7%
Non-Employer Contributing E	ntity (State) 6.8%	6.8%
Employers	6.8%	6.8%
Eagle Mountain-Saginaw	ISD 2014 Employer Contributions	\$ 1,776,897
Eagle Mountain-Saginaw	ISD 2014 Member Contributions	\$ 6,254,588
Eagle Mountain-Saginaw	ISD 2014 NECE On-Behalf Contributions	\$ 4,922,813

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during the fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers including public schools are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding source or a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, when employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the August 31, 2014 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date Actuarial Cost Method Normal Amortization Method of Payroll, Open	August 31, 2014 Individual Entry Age Level Percentage of
Remaining Amortization Period	30 years
Asset Valuation Method	5 year Market Value
Discount Rate	8.00%
Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return*	8.00%
Salary Increases*	4.25% to 7.25%
Weighted-Average at Valuation Date	5.55%
Payroll Growth Rate	3.50%
*Includes Inflation of 3%	

The actuarial methods and assumptions are primarily based on a study of actual experience for the four year period ending August 31, 2010 and adopted on April 8, 2011. With the exception of the post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives and a minor change to the expected retirement age for inactive vested members stemming from the actuarial audit performed in the Summer of 2014, the assumptions and methods are the same as used in the prior valuation. When the mortality assumptions were adopted in 2011 they contained a significant margin for possible future mortality improvement. As of the date of the valuation there has been a significant erosion of this margin to the point that the margin has been eliminated. Therefore, the post-retirement mortality rates for current and future retirees was decreased to add additional margin for future improvement in mortality in accordance with the Actuarial Standards of Practice No. 35.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.0%. There was no change in the discount rate since the previous year. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 8%. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2014 are summarized below:

	T	David Datum	Long-Term Expected
	Target	Real Return	Portfolio Real Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	Geometric Basis	Return*
Global Equity			
U.S.	18%	7.0%	1.4%
Non-U.S. Developed	13%	7.3%	1.1%
Emerging Markets	9%	8.1%	0.9%
Directional Hedge Funds	4%	5.4%	0.2%
Private Equity	13%	9.2%	1.4%
Stable Value			
U.S. Treasuries	11%	2.9%	0.3%
Absolute Return	0%	4.0%	0.0%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	4%	5.2%	0.2%
Cash	1%	2.0%	0.0%
Real Return			
Global Inflation Linked Bonds	3%	3.1%	0.0%
Real Assets	16%	7.3%	1.5%
Energy and Natural Resources	3%	8.8%	0.3%
Commodities	0%	3.4%	0.0%
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	5%	8.9%	0.4%
Alpha	0%		1.0%
Total	100%		<u>8.7%</u>

^{*} The Expected Contribution to Returns incorporates the volatility drag resulting from the conversion between Arithmetic and Geometric mean returns.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (8%) in measuring the 2014 Net Pension Liability.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (7.0%)	Discount Rate (8.0%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (9.0%)
Eagle Mountain-Saginaw ISD's proportionate share of the net pension liability:	\$ 33,453,614	\$ 18,721,181	\$ 7,704,064

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At August 31, 2015, Eagle Mountain-Saginaw Independent School District reported a liability of \$18,721,181 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to Eagle Mountain-Saginaw Independent School District. The amount recognized by Eagle Mountain-Saginaw Independent School District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with Eagle Mountain-Saginaw Independent School District were as follows:

District's Proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 18,721,181
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	51,976,810
Total	<u>\$ 70,697,991</u>

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2014 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2013 thru August 31, 2014.

At August 31, 2014 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was .0007008691%. Since this is the first year of implementation, the District does not have the proportion measured as of August 31, 2013. The Notes to the Financial Statements for August 31, 2014 for TRS stated that the change in proportion was immaterial and therefore disregarded this year.

There were no changes of assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

There was a change in employer contribution requirements that occurred after the measurement date of the net pension liability and the employer's reporting date. A 1.5% contribution for employers not paying Old Age Survivor and Disability Insurance (OASDI) on certain employees went into law effective 09/01/2014. The amount of the expected resultant change in the employer's proportion cannot be determined at this time.

For the year ended August 31, 2015, Eagle Mountain-Saginaw Independent School District recognized pension expense of \$4,805,159 and revenue of \$4,922,813 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2015, Eagle Mountain-Saginaw Independent School District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 289,529	\$ -
Changes in actuarial assumptions	1,216,898	*
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	-	5,721,957
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	-	4,907
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	3,010,782	
Total	\$4,517,209	\$5,726,864

\$3,010,782 reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended August 31, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended August 31:	Pension Expense Amount
2016	\$ (1,177,183
2017	(1,177,183
2018	(1,177,183
2019	(1,177,183
2020	253,30
2021	234,98

#### NOTE 12. SCHOOL DISTRICT RETIREE HEALTH PLAN

Plan Description. Eagle Mountain-Saginaw Independent School District contributes to the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment health care plan administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. TRS-Care Retired Plan provides health care coverage for certain persons (and their dependents) who retired under the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. The statutory authority for the program is Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575. Section 1575.052 grants the TRS Board of Trustees authority to establish and amend the basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants. The TRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for TRS-Care. That report may be obtained by visiting the TRS Web site at <a href="https://www.trs.state.tx.us">www.trs.state.tx.us</a>, by writing to the Communications Department of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas 78701, or by calling 1-800-223-8778.

Funding Policy. Contribution requirements are not actuarially determined but are legally established each biennium by the Texas Legislature. Texas Insurance Code, Sections 1575.202, 203, and 204 establish state, active employee, and public school contributions, respectively. The State of Texas and active public school employee contribution rates were 1.0% and 0.65% of public school payroll, respectively, with school districts contributing a percentage of payroll set at 0.55% for fiscal years 2015, 2014 and 2013. Per Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575, the public school contribution may not be less than 0.25% or greater than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the public school. For the years ended August 31, 2015, 2014, and 2013, the State's contributions to the TRS-Care were \$1,010,481, \$977,279, and \$474,820, respectively, the active member contributions were \$656,813, \$635,231, and \$308,633, respectively, and the school district's contribution were \$555,765, \$537,503, and \$261,151, respectively, which equaled the required contributions each year.

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. These on-behalf payments are recognized as equal revenues and expenditures/expenses by the District. For the year ended August 31, 2015, the contribution made on behalf of the District was \$437,215.

#### NOTE 13. INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund balances at August 31, 2015, consisted of the following individual fund receivables and payables:

	Advances to	Advances from
<u>Fund</u>	Other Funds	Other Funds
General Fund		
Special Revenue Funds:		
ESEA Title I Improving Basic Program	\$ 239,246	\$ -
IDEA - Part B, Formula	103,249	-
Career and Technical - Basic Grant	1,624	-
ESEA Title II Training and Recruiting	57,173	-
ESEA Title III English Lang Acquisition	15,809	-
Medicaid Admin Claim	5,678	-
State Textbook Fund	<u>1,374,365</u>	***
Total	1,797,144	-
Debt Service Fund	-	997,914
Capital Projects Fund	<u>7,269,705</u>	**
Total General Fund	9,066,849	<u>997,914</u>
Special Revenue Fund		
General Fund	### ##################################	<u>1,797,144</u>
Total Special Revenue Fund		<u>1,797,144</u>
Debt Service Fund		
General Fund	997,914	-
Capital Projects Fund	1,135,569	
Total Debt Service Fund	2,133,483	***
Capital Projects Fund		
General Fund	•	7,269,705
Debt Service Fund		1,135,569
Total Capital Projects Fund	***	8,405,274
Total	\$11,200,332	\$11,200,332

Virtually all of the above interfund balances are short-term loans due to the fact that checking account balances for most governmental funds are pooled into one demand account. There are no interfund balances that are not expected to be repaid within one year.

Interfunds transfers for the year ended August 31, 2015 consisted of the following individual amounts:

	Transfers to	Transfers from
<u>Fund</u>	Other Funds	Other Funds
General Fund:		
Debt Service Fund	\$8,750,000	\$ -
Debt Service Fund:		
General Fund	-	8,750,000
Capital Projects Fund	-	1,154,859
Capital Projects Fund:		
Debt Service Fund	1,154,859	-
Total	<u>\$9,904,859</u>	\$9,904,859

The purpose of the \$8,750,000 transfer was to transfer funds from the general fund to the debt service fund for use toward debt service payments. The \$1,154,859 transfer was a transfer of proceeds from the Series 2015-A bond sale to the debt service fund for capitalized interest.

## NOTE 14. DISAGGREGATION OF RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Receivables at August 31, 2015, were as follows:

	Property Taxes	Other Governments	<u>Due From</u> Other Funds	<u>Other</u>	<u>Total</u> <u>Receivables</u>
Governmental Activities:					
General Fund	\$2,818,348	\$ 29,556	\$ 9,066,849	\$57,581	\$11,972,334
Debt Service Fund	923,329	-	2,133,483	-	3,056,812
Special Revenue Fund	-	2,401,857	**	10,675	2,412,532
Total - Governmental Activities	\$3,741,677	\$2,431,413	\$11,200,332	<u>\$68,256</u>	\$17,441,678
Amounts not scheduled for collection during the subsequent year	\$ 187,083	\$	\$	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 187,083

Payables at August 31, 2015, were as follows:

	Accounts Payable	Salaries and Benefits	Due To Other Funds	Due To Other Governments	<u>Total</u> <u>Payables</u>
Governmental Activities:				** ***	
General Fund	\$1,416,593	\$6,519,808	\$ 997,914	\$2,965,504	\$11,899,819
Debt Service Fund	-	-	-	622,632	622,632
Capital Projects Fund	213,640	-	8,405,274	-	8,618,914
Special Revenue Funds	648,956	305,760	1,797,144	W	2,751,860
Total-Governmental Activities	\$2,279,189	\$6,825,568	\$11,200,332	\$3,588,136	<u>\$23,893,225</u>
Amounts not scheduled for payment during the subsequent year	<u>\$</u>	\$	\$	\$	\$

#### NOTE 15. DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation and Per Capita Programs. Amounts due from federal, state and local governments as of August 31, 2015, are summarized below. All federal grants shown below are passed through the TEA and are reported on the combined financial statements as Due from Other Governments.

	State		Federal	
Fund	Entitle	ements	Grants	Total
General	\$	-	\$ 29,556	\$ 29,556
Special Revenue	1,631	,611	_770,240	2,401,857
Total	\$1,631	<u>,611</u>	\$799,802	\$2,431,413

#### NOTE 16. DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Due to Other Governments of \$2,965,504 in the general fund includes a \$2,172,717 amount due to the TEA related to the State entitlement. Detail of that amount is as follows:

2014/15 Foundation overpayment balance per the 9/8/15	
near-final Summary of Finance	\$ 4,536,600
Additional overpayment per the 9/6/15 near-final	
Summary of Finance	14,199
Estimated increase in 2014/15 Foundation revenue due	
at final settle-up due to lower tax collections	(182,000)
Less Foundation accrual for August, 2015 days of instruction	(2,022,122)
Less Per Capita accrual for August, 2015 days of instruction	(104,964)
Less 2013/14 property value audit	(68,996)
Total	<u>\$ 2,172,717</u>

#### NOTE 17. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 imposed regulations on tax-exempt bond issues. Governmental bonds issued after August 31, 1986 are subject to the rebate provisions of the Tax Reform Act of 1986. The rebate applies to earnings from bond issue proceeds investments which exceed bond issue stated interest rates. The exact amount of liability, if any, will not be known until as long as five years from the bond issuance date. At August 31, 2015, the estimated rebate liability on outstanding bond series was \$0.

## NOTE 18. LITIGATION AND CONTINGENCIES

The District is a party to various legal actions none of which is believed by administration to have a material effect on the financial condition of the District. Accordingly, no provision for losses has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

Minimum foundation funding received from the Agency is based primarily upon information concerning average daily attendance at the District's schools which is compiled by the District and supplied to the Agency. Federal funding for Food Services under child nutrition programs is based primarily upon the number and type of meals served and on user charges as reported to the USDA. Federal and state funding received related to various grant programs are based upon periodic reports detailing reimbursable expenditures made in compliance with program guidelines to the grantor agencies.

The programs are governed by various statutory rules and regulations of the grantors. Amounts received and receivable under these various funding programs are subject to periodic audit and adjustment by the funding agencies. To the extent, if any, that the District has not complied with all the rules and regulations with respect to performance, financial or otherwise, adjustment to or return of funding monies may be required. In the opinion of the District's administration, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to matters of compliance and, accordingly, no provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.

The Tarrant County Appraisal District is a defendant in various lawsuits involving the property values assigned to property located within the District's boundaries on which the District assesses property taxes. The District could be required to refund property taxes paid on values which were greater than the ultimate final assessed valuation assigned by the court. Such lawsuits could continue several years into the future.

## NOTE 19. REVENUES FROM LOCAL AND INTERMEDIATE SOURCES

During the current year, revenues from local and intermediate sources consisted of the following:

	General	Special	Debt	Capital	
	Fund	Revenue Fund	Service Fund	Projects Fund	i Total
				-	
Property Taxes	\$77,598,123	\$ -	\$24,566,560	\$ -	\$102,164,683
Investment Income	73,118	2,893	7,551	1,702	85,264
Food Sales	-	4,031,594	-	-	4,031,594
Penalties, interest and other					
tax related income	905,077	-	217,376	-	1,122,453
Co-curricular student activities	425,706	1,503,884	-	-	1,929,590
Tuition and fees	248,111	-	-	-	248,111
Gifts and bequests	749	80,075	-	-	80,824
Facilities rentals	72,798	-	-	-	72,798
Insurance recovery	5,003	-	-	-	5,003
Gas royalties	39,021	-	-	-	39,021
Other	154,900	<u> </u>		-	154,900
Total	\$79,522,606	\$5,618,446	\$24,791,487	\$ 1,702	\$109,934,241

#### NOTE 20. UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue at year-end consisted of the following:

	General		Special	Debt	
		Fund	Revenue Fund	Service Fund	Total
Athletic season tickets	\$	2,587	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,587
Rental		1,200	-	-	1,200
Advertising		1,889	-	-	1,889
Lunchroom receipts		-	202,482	-	202,482
Food Commodities		-	2,993	-	2,993
Medicaid Admin Claim (MAC)		-	4,995	-	4,995
Read to Succeed		-	1,713	-	1,713
State Textbook Fund		-	2,373	-	2,373
Gen Youth Foundation		-	238	-	238
AP Campus Awards		-	12,934	-	12,934
AP Incentives		-	2,026	-	2,026
Cargill Donation Fund		-	5,144	-	5,144
Diary Max Foundation		-	613	-	613
Meadows Foundation			25	-	25
Microsoft Grant	_		6,000	**	6,000
	<u>\$</u>	5,676	<u>\$241,536</u>	<u>s -</u>	<u>\$247,212</u>

#### NOTE 21. COMMITMENTS UNDER LEASES

Commitments under operating (noncapitalized) lease agreements for equipment provide for minimum future rental payments as of August 31, 2015, as follows:

Year Ending	
August 31,	
2016	\$ 572,729
2017	544,733
2018	141,429
Total Minimum Rentals	\$1,258,891
Rental Expenditures in Fiscal Year 2015	\$ 864,654

#### NOTE 22. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS BY FUNCTION

The Texas Education Agency requires the budgets for the Governmental fund types to be filed with the Texas Education Agency. The budget should not be exceeded in any functional category under TEA requirements. Expenditures exceeded appropriations in no functional categories for the year ended August 31, 2015.

#### NOTE 23. SHARED SERVICE ARRANGEMENTS

The District participates in a shared services arrangement for juvenile justice alternative education services with several other school districts. Although the District contributes to the shared services arrangement based on its participation, the District does not account for revenues or expenditures in this program and does not disclose them in these financial statements. The District neither has a joint ownership interest in fixed assets purchased by the fiscal agent, nor does the District have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to Eagle Mountain-Saginaw ISD. The fiscal agent manager is responsible for all financial activities of the shared services arrangement. During the year ended August 31, 2015, the District contributed \$29,106 to the fiscal agent as its share of the costs of the joint venture.

### NOTE 24. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

In fiscal year 2015, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and GASB Statement No 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date. As such, the prior period adjustment was necessary to record the beginning pension liability of the District. The following illustrates the effect of the prior period adjustment:

Beginning Net Position (Deficit) - As Originally Presented	\$(6,469,586)
Restatement due to:	
Net pension liability (measurement date as of	
August 31, 2013)	(22,988,073)
Deferred Outflows:	
District contributions made to TRS during the fiscal year	1,776,897
Beginning Net Position (Deficit) – As Restated	<u>\$(27,680,762)</u>

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## EAGLE MOUNTAIN-SAGINAW INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

	•	2015
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		0.000700869%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	18,721,181
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) associated with the District		51,976,810
Total	\$	70,697,991
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	97,727,945
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll		19.16%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		83.25%

Note: GASB 68, Paragraph 81 requires that the information on this schedule be data from the period corresponding with the period covered as of the measurement date of August 31, 2014 - the period from September 1, 2013 - August 31, 2014.

Note: Only one year of data is presented in accordance with GASB 68, Paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

# EAGLE MOUNTAIN-SAGINAW INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2015

	 2015
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 3,010,782
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(3,010,782)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -0-
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 101,048,094
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	2.98%

Note: GASB 68, Paragraph 81 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's current fiscal year as opposed to the time period covered by the measurement date of September 1, 2013 - August 31, 2014.

Note: Only one year of data is presented in accordance with GASB 68, Paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

## EAGLE MOUNTAIN-SAGINAW INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

## Changes of benefit terms.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

## Changes of assumptions.

There were no changes of assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

COMBINING SCHEDULES

## EAGLE MOUNTAIN-SAGINAW INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2015

			211		224		225	244		
Data		E	SEA I, A	ID	IDEA - Part B		A - Part B	Career and		
Contro	)}	I	Improving		Formula		Preschool		Technical -	
Codes		Bas	sic Program					Ba	sic Grant	
	ASSETS									
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	_	\$	_	\$		\$	-	
1240	Receivables from Other Governments		294,568		244,483		1,012		1,916	
1290	Other Receivables		-		-		-			
1000	Total Assets	\$	294,568	\$	244,483	\$	1,012	\$	1,916	
	LIABILITIES	-								
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	14,282	\$	4,082	\$	-	\$	292	
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		41,040		137,152		1,012			
2170	Due to Other Funds		239,246		103,249		•		1,624	
2300	Unearned Revenues		-		-		-		~	
2000	Total Liabilities	-	294,568		244,483		1,012	***************************************	1,916	
	FUND BALANCES			47742000						
	Committed Fund Balance:									
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance		-		-		-		-	
3000	Total Fund Balances		•				-		The state of the s	
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	294,568	\$	244,483	\$	1,012	\$	1,916	

255		263				255 263 272 289		3	85		397		410	429																
ES			Title III, A												Title III, A				Medicaid		Summer		Visually		Advanced		State		Other State	
	ining and	_	lish Lang.		nin. Claim	Scho	ol LEP	-	aired		cement		Textbook		Special															
Re	Recruiting		quisition		MAC			SSVI		Incentives		Fund		Revenue Funds																
ው		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	2,026	¢	_	\$	14,647															
\$	70,045	Ф	15,911	Ф	10,673	Φ	_	Φ	_	Φ	2,020	Ψ	1,631,611	Ψ	14,047															
	70,043		-		10,075		_		_		_				_															
\$	70,045	\$	15,911	\$	10,673	\$	-	\$	**	\$	2,026	\$	1,631,611	\$	14,647															
		_				•		•		•		Φ.	0.54.052	<b>o</b>																
\$	7,700	\$	102	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	254,873	\$	-															
	5,172 57,173		- 15,809		- 5,678		-		-		-		1,374,365		-															
	57,175		-		4,995		-		-		2,026	-	2,373		14,647															
	70,045	***********	15,911		10,673		-		-		2,026		1,631,611	***************************************	14,647															
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and that shows	-				**		-		-		•	_	-		-															
\$	70,045	\$	15,911	\$	10,673	\$	<u>.</u>	\$	-	\$	2,026	\$	1,631,611	\$	14,647															

# EAGLE MOUNTAIN-SAGINAW INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2015

Data Contro Codes	I		461 Campus Activity Funds	481 Cargill Donation Fund		482 Gen Youth Foundation		483 Meadows Foundation	
	ASSETS								
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	889,061	\$	5,144	\$	238	\$	25
1240	Receivables from Other Governments		-		-		-		-
1290	Other Receivables	*******	256		•				
1000	Total Assets	\$	889,317	\$	5,144	\$	238	\$	25
	LIABILITIES								
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	61,819	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		4,504		-		-		-
2170	Due to Other Funds		-		-		-		-
2300	Unearned Revenues		-		5,144		238		25
2000	Total Liabilities		66,323		5,144		238		25
	FUND BALANCES								
	Committed Fund Balance:								
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance		822,994		-		-		-
3000	Total Fund Balances	and a second sec	822,994		+		•		-
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	889,317	\$	5,144	\$	238	\$	25

4	184		499		Total			
Dair	ry Max	N	licrosoft	Nonmajor				
Four	ndation		overnmental					
\$ 613					Funds			
\$	613	\$	6,000	\$	917,754			
	-		-		2,270,219			
	-		_	******	256			
\$	613	\$	6,000	\$	3,188,229			
\$	-	\$	-	\$	343,150			
	-		-		188,880			
	-		-		1,797,144			
	613		6,000	make the	36,061			
	613	*********	6,000		2,365,235			
	<b>-</b>		-		822,994			
	-		**		822,994			
\$	613	\$	6,000	\$	3,188,229			

# EAGLE MOUNTAIN-SAGINAW INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

Data Control Codes		Impr	II AI, A oving rogram	IDEA	224 A - Part B ormula	IDEA	225 - Part B school	244 Career and Technical - Basic Grant	
5700 5800	REVENUES: Total Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
5900	Federal Program Revenues	1,4	07,894		2,522,035		13,443	***************************************	140,119
5020	Total Revenues	1,4	07,894		2,522,035	*************	13,443		140,119
	EXPENDITURES:								
-	urrent:		22 020	,	2200 566		12 442		140 110
0011	Instruction	1,2	233,839		2,320,566		13,443		140,119
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		05 051		12 201		-		-
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		85,251		13,291		-		-
0021	Instructional Leadership		86,128		-		-		**
0023	School Leadership		-		188,178		•		-
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		•		100,170		<u>-</u>		_
0036	Extracurricular Activities		-		-		- -		_
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		2,676		-		-		_
0061	Community Services		2,070		•		-		-
	apital Outlay:								
0081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction								
6030	Total Expenditures	1,4	107,894		2,522,035		13,443		140,119
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		-		•
0100	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	MANUAL PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDR	-		-				-
3000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	•	\$	-

Tra	EA II,A Title II ining and English		263 Title III, A English Lang. Acquisition		Title III, A English Lang.		272 edicaid iin. Claim MAC	Sı	289 nmmer ool LEP	In	385 isually npaired SSVI	Ad Pla	397 vanced cement entives	Te	410 State extbook Fund	Oth S _l	429 er State pecial nue Funds
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	• -	\$	11,253	\$	-	\$	2,308,813	\$	-		
	192,704		148,856		35,000		9,959		11,233		-		-		-		
***********	192,704	***************************************	148,856		35,000		9,959		11,253	Restaurance	**	***************************************	2,308,813				
	-		141,727		<del></del>		9,959		11,253		-	:	2,298,473		-		
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
	190,079		6,512		-		-		•		-		10,340		-		
	2,625		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
	•		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
	-		-		-		-		•		-		-		-		
	-		-		•		-		-		-		-		-		
	-		617		35,000		-		<del>-</del> -		-		-		-		
	-		-		-		-		-		•		-		-		
	192,704		148,856		35,000		9,959		11,253		**		2,308,813		-		
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
<del></del>	-		-		**				-				-		•		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		

# EAGLE MOUNTAIN-SAGINAW INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

Data Control Codes			461 Campus Activity Funds	Do	481 Cargill Onation Fund	Gen	82 Youth dation	Me	483 eadows indation
	D DY ITS II IEO		1 ullus		unu				
5700 5800 5900	REVENUES: Total Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues Federal Program Revenues	\$	1,560,442	\$	22,000	\$	-	\$	1,517
5020	Total Revenues	and the same of	1,560,442		22,000	*************			1,517
	EXPENDITURES:								
-	urrent:								
0011	Instruction		944,295		-		•		-
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		167,503		-		-		-
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		997		22,000		-		-
0021	Instructional Leadership		40.000		-		-		-
0023	School Leadership		42,386 149		-		-		•
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		359,737		~		-		1,517
0036	Extracurricular Activities		2,118		_		-		1,517
0052 0061	Security and Monitoring Services		2,110		_		_		_
	Community Services apital Outlay:		•		-		_		-
0081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction		18,309		-		-		-
6030	Total Expenditures	************	1,535,494		22,000		-		1,517
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance		24,948		•		-		-
0100	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	***************************************	798,046	***************************************	**		•		-
3000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	822,994	\$	-	\$	**	\$	

484		4	99		Total		
Dair	у Мах	Mic	rosoft	Nonmajor			
Four	ndation	G	rant	Governmental			
					Funds		
\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,583,959		
<b>J</b>		Ψ	_	Ψ	2,320,066		
	•		_		4,470,010		
	<b>*</b>		-	***************************************	8,374,035		
	-		-		7,113,674		
	-		-		167,503		
	-		-		328,470		
			-		88,753		
	-		-		42,386		
	-		-		188,327		
	-		-		361,254		
	-		-		2,118		
	•		-		38,293		
	-		-		18,309		
	+	***************************************	-		8,349,087		
	-		-		24,948		
	-		-	************	798,046		
dr.		¢.		ø	022.004		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	822,994		

REQUIRED T.E.A. SCHEDULES

## EAGLE MOUNTAIN-SAGINAW INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FISCAL YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

Cost 10 Versa Forded	(1) Tax I	(3) Assessed/Appraisec			
Last 10 Years Ended August 31	Maintenance	Debt Service	Value for School Tax Purposes		
2006 and prior years	Various	Various	\$ Various		
007	1.185000	0.350000	4,907,000,912		
008	0.940100	0.390000	5,537,950,154		
009	0.995800	0.470000	6,042,621,435		
010	0.995800	0.470000	6,386,185,496		
011	0.995800	0.500000	5,982,077,550		
012	1.030000	0.500000	5,999,924,771		
013	1.040000	0.500000	5,959,427,468		
014	1.170000	0.370000	6,249,566,429		
O15 (School year under audit)	1.170000	0.370000	6,689,943,052		
000 TOTALS					

(10) Beginning Balance 9/1/2014	(20) Current Year's Total Levy	(31) Maintenance Collections	(32)  Debt Service  Collections		Debt Service		Debt Service		Debt Service		Debt Service		(40) Entire Year's Adjustments	(50) Ending Balance 8/31/2015
\$ 839,313	\$ -	\$ 3,975	\$	978	\$ (580)	\$ 833,780								
71,907	-	2,250		665	(184)	68,808								
72,512	-	2,026		840	(160)	69,486								
113,189	-	2,409		1,137	(175)	109,468								
149,518	-	15,948		7,527	8,012	134,055								
126,557	-	27,762		13,940	71,506	156,361								
144,046	-	37,847		18,372	78,659	166,486								
339,576	-	75,430		36,264	82,264	310,146								
874,714	-	147,870		46,762	(89,437)	590,645								
-	103,025,123	77,282,606		24,440,075	-	1,302,442								
\$ 2,731,332	\$ 103,025,123	\$ 77,598,123	\$	24,566,560	\$ 149,905	\$ 3,741,677								

# EAGLE MOUNTAIN-SAGINAW INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAM FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

	Daabetea	Budgeted Amounts				Variance With Final Budget Positive or		
Original			Final		_		(Negative)	
_							10.201	
\$	3,912,596	\$	, ,	\$		\$	19,391	
	4,406,604		3,576,604		3,455,536		(121,068)	
annual resource and delivery	8,319,200		7,632,053		7,530,376	ALL THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER	(101,677)	
						-		
	8,056,811		8,069,311		7,560,360		508,951	
***************************************	8,056,811		8,069,311	************	7,560,360	A-1000-101-101-101-101-101-101-101-101-1	508,951	
	262,389		(437,258)		(29,984)		407,274	
	1,283,395		1,283,395		1,283,395		-	
\$	1,545,784	\$	846,137	\$	1,253,411	\$	407,274	
	\$	\$ 3,912,596 4,406,604 8,319,200 8,056,811 8,056,811 262,389 1,283,395	\$ 3,912,596 \$ 4,406,604 8,319,200 8,056,811 262,389 1,283,395	\$ 3,912,596 \$ 4,015,096 - 40,353 4,406,604 3,576,604 8,319,200 7,632,053 8,056,811 8,069,311 8,056,811 8,069,311 262,389 (437,258) 1,283,395 1,283,395	\$ 3,912,596 \$ 4,015,096 \$ 40,353 4,406,604 3,576,604 8,319,200 7,632,053 8,056,811 8,069,311 262,389 (437,258) 1,283,395 1,283,395	\$ 3,912,596 \$ 4,015,096 \$ 4,034,487 - 40,353 40,353 4,406,604 3,576,604 3,455,536 8,319,200 7,632,053 7,530,376 8,056,811 8,069,311 7,560,360 8,056,811 8,069,311 7,560,360 262,389 (437,258) (29,984) 1,283,395 1,283,395 1,283,395	\$ 3,912,596 \$ 4,015,096 \$ 4,034,487 \$ 40,353 40,353 40,353 4,406,604 3,576,604 3,455,536	

# EAGLE MOUNTAIN-SAGINAW INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

Data Control Codes		Budgeted Amounts				Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)		Variance With Final Budget	
		Original Final						Positive or (Negative)	
	REVENUES:								
5700 5900	Total Local and Intermediate Sources Federal Program Revenues	\$	25,369,729	\$	24,907,796 1,488,689	\$	24,791,487 1,488,689	\$	(116,309)
5020	Total Revenues		25,369,729		26,396,485		26,280,176		(116,309)
	EXPENDITURES:	***************************************							1212
	Debt Service:								
0071	Principal on Long Term Debt		9,826,445		10,396,445		10,396,445		**
0072	Interest on Long Term Debt		23,881,060		24,937,254		24,937,254		
0073	Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		***		1,104,123		786,429		317,694
6030	Total Expenditures		33,707,505		36,437,822		36,120,128		317,694
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(8,337,776)		(10,041,337)		(9,839,952)		201,385
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
7911	Capital Related Debt Issued (Regular Bonds)		-		75,865,000		75,865,000		-
7915	Transfers In		6,750,000		7,750,000		9,904,859		2,154,859
7916	Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds		-		14,961,460		13,523,372		(1,438,088)
8940	Payment to Bond Refunding Escrow Agent (Use)		-		(88,631,438)		(88,631,437)		1
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		6,750,000		9,945,022		10,661,794		716,772
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances		(1,587,776)		(96,315)		821,842		918,157
0100	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	was a financial for the first of the first o	3,201,384		3,201,384		3,201,384		-
3000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	1,613,608	\$	3,105,069	\$	4,023,226	\$	918,157

FEDERAL AWARDS SECTION

Members: AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC **ACCOUNTANTS** TEXAS SOCIETY OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

#### HANKINS, EASTUP, DEATON, TONN & SEAY

A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

902 NORTH LOCUST P.O. BOX 977 DENTON, TX 76202-0977

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Trustees Eagle Mountain-Saginaw Independent School District Fort Worth, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Eagle Mountain-Saginaw Independent School District, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Eagle Mountain-Saginaw Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report dated January 19, 2016.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of the audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hankins, Eastup, Deaton, Tonn & Seay, PC

Hambius, Eartup, Deaton, Tom + Seux

Denton, Texas

January 19, 2016

Members:
AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF
CERTIFIED PUBLIC
ACCOUNTANTS
TEXAS SOCIETY OF CERTIFIED
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Board of Trustees Eagle Mountain-Saginaw Independent School District Fort Worth, Texas

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Eagle Mountain-Saginaw Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Eagle Mountain-Saginaw Independent School District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2015. Eagle Mountain-Saginaw Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of finding and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Eagle Mountain-Saginaw Independent School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Eagle Mountain-Saginaw Independent School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Eagle Mountain-Saginaw Independent School District's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Eagle Mountain-Saginaw Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2015.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Eagle Mountain-Saginaw Independent School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Eagle Mountain-Saginaw Independent School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Eagle Mountain-Saginaw Independent School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hankins, Eastup, Deaton, Tonn & Seay, PC

Hankin, Earty, Deaton, Tom + Seur

Denton, Texas

January 19, 2016

### EAGLE MOUNTAIN-SAGINAW INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

- I. Summary of Auditor's Results
  - 1. Type of auditor's report issued on the financial statements: Unmodified.
  - 2. Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified: None Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses: None reported

- 3. Noncompliance which is material to the financial statements: None
- 4. Internal controls over major federal programs:

Material weakness(es) identified: None Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses: None reported

- 5. Type of auditor's report on compliance for major federal programs: Unmodified.
- 6. Did the audit disclose findings which are required to be reported under Section .510(a)2-7 of OMB Circular A-133: No
- 7. Major programs include:

CFDA 84.027, 84.173 - IDEA, Part B Cluster

- 8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$300,000.
- 9. Low risk auditee: Yes
- II. Findings Related to the Financial Statements

None

III. Other Findings

None

#### EAGLE MOUNTAIN-SAGINAW INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

NONE

## EAGLE MOUNTAIN-SAGINAW INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
FEDERAL GRANTOR/	Federal	Pass-Through	
PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/	CFDA	Entity Identifying	Federal
PROGRAM or CLUSTER TITLE	Number	Number	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE			
Direct Programs	10.000	0. 000010	<b></b>
ROTC Total Direct Programs	12.000	01-220918	\$ 57,201 \$ 57,201
· ·			
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE			\$ 57,201
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through State Department of Education			
ESEA, Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	13610101220918	\$ 79,647
ESEA, Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	14610101220918	1,282,158
ESEA, Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs Total CFDA Number 84.010A	84.010A	15610101220918	46,089 1,407,894
*IDEA - Part B, Formula	84.027	156600012209186600	2,380,801
*IDEA - Part B, Formula	84.027	166600012209186600	141,234
Total CFDA Number 84.027			2,522,035
*IDEA - Part B, Preschool	84.173	156610012209186610	12,431
*IDEA - Part B, Preschool Total CFDA Number 84.173	84.173	166610012209186610	1,012
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			2,535,478
Career and Technical - Basic Grant	84.048	15420006220918	138,203
Career and Technical - Basic Grant Total CFDA Number 84.048	84.048	16420006220918	1,916
Title III, Part A - English Language Acquisition Title III, Part A - English Language Acquisition	84.365A 84.365A	15671001220918 16671001220918	133,426 15,430
Total CFDA Number 84.365A	04.50571	10071001220710	148,856
ESEA, Title II, Part A, Teacher/Principal Training	84.367A	14694501220918	8,705
ESEA, Title II, Part A, Teacher/Principal Training	84.367A	15694501220918	178,827
ESEA, Title II, Part A, Teacher/Principal Training	84.367A	16694501220918	5,172
Total CFDA Number 84.367A			192,704
Summer School LEP	84.369A	69551402	9,959
Total Passed Through State Department of Education			\$ 4,435,010
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			\$ 4,435,010
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			
<u>Direct Programs</u> Medicaid Administrative Claiming Program - MAC	03 779	01-220918	¢ 25,000
Total Direct Programs	93.778	V1-22U710	\$ 35,000 \$ 35,000
-	000VV 000		
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN	SERVICES		\$ 35,000

## EAGLE MOUNTAIN-SAGINAW INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	
FEDERAL GRANTOR/	Federal	Pass-Through		
PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/	CFDA	Entity Identifying	Feder	al
PROGRAM or CLUSTER TITLE	Number	Number	Expendi	tures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through the State Department of Agriculture				
*School Breakfast Program	10.553	71401501	\$	772,224
*National School Lunch Program - Cash Assistance	10.555	71301501		243,038
*National School Lunch Prog Non-Cash Assistance	10.555	71301501	~~~~~~~~~	440,274
Total CFDA Number 10.555				683,312
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			3,	455,536
Total Passed Through the State Department of Agriculture			\$ 3,	455,536
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			\$ 3,	455,536
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 7,	982,747

^{*}Clustered Programs

#### EAGLE MOUNTAIN-SAGINAW INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2015

- The District uses the fund types specified in Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System
  Resource Guide. Special Revenue Funds are used to account for resources restricted to, or designated for,
  specific purposes by a grantor. Federal and state financial assistance generally is accounted for in a
  Special Revenue Fund. Generally, unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified
  project periods.
- 2. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The Governmental Fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. All Federal grant funds were accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund which is a Governmental Fund type. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities and the fund balance are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in net current assets.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for the Governmental Fund types and Agency Funds. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on Long-Term Debt, which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Federal grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant, and, accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until earned.

- 3. The District participates in numerous state and Federal grant programs that are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, if any, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at August 31, 2015, may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are not significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provisions has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.
- 4. The period of availability for federal grant funds for the purpose of liquidation of outstanding obligations made on or before the ending date of the federal project period extended 30 days beyond the federal project period ending date, in accordance with provisions of Section H, Period of Availability of Federal Funds, Part 3, OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Statement Provisional 6/97.
- 5. During the current year, the District received the following funds which are not included in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Total Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$ 7,982,747
Indirect Costs	1,091,379
Medicaid Reimbursement (SHARS)	944,160
Federal Interest Subsidy-Bonds	1,488,689
Federal Revenues per Financial Statements	<u>\$11,506,975</u>